

# PAKISTAN MUST STOP EAST BENGAL EXODUS

## India Will Not Sit Helplessly Quiet, Warns Sardar

### "COLONIALISM MUST END"

#### Foreign Possessions Will Be Incorporated In Free India, Assures Nehru

GANDHINAGAR, Dec. 17 (A.P.): "No Foreign Power should have any colonial territory in the continent of Asia and obviously so in India," declared Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru when he addressed the Subjects Committee today on the resolution about foreign possessions in India.

He said: "It is quite inevitable that these foreign possessions should cease to be foreign and should be incorporated politically with India. That is the policy which India must necessarily adopt."

Pandit Nehru was asked by the President Dr. Patil to speak on the subject as the Subjects Committee had decided to take up the question of foreign possessions. Pandit Nehru spoke after Mr. S. K. Patil member of the Working Committee, had replied to the debate.

Pandit Nehru said "we have a large number of intricate problems before us but this particular problem is probably one of the smallest in regard to intricacies or difficulties. It is inevitable that it has to be solved in a particular way. There might be a little delay or difficulty for its solution but it is not in the large context of India a really difficult problem."

He added that the movers of the amendments to the resolution would probably not always find support among the people of these foreign possessions. He doubted if some of the amendments would be welcomed by the people. He said the movers got into the position of championing the cause of some people who did not want them to champion it at all. It was, therefore, a delicate matter for the Congress to deal with the details of the problem.

Pandit Nehru said: "What is the major issue before us? It is quite inevitable that these foreign possessions should cease to be foreign and should be incorporated politically with India. That is a big thing. The policy which India must necessarily adopt because we cannot admit any foreign foothold on the continent of India, but to give effect to that policy we have to pursue international methods. We must deal with foreign Governments. As a Government and as a great organisation which is intimately connected with that Government, we cannot proceed in a non-Governmental way. It is for the people of these territories to do what they like but we cannot go about approaching this problem in a non-Governmental way."

#### END OF COLONIALISM

Pandit Nehru asked Congressmen to consider the broad problem to which vague reference had been made namely, the ending of imperialism and colonialism everywhere, more specially in Asia. He would hesitate to indulge in a tall talk to which effect could not be given. Nevertheless even from the point of view of India's freedom and world peace Indians were quite clear in their mind that the continuation of imperialism or colonialism in any part of the world more specially in Asia was dangerous.

Pandit Nehru thought that it was not merely a question of resolution but the practical things which they had to face today. He did not suggest that the Congress should lay down any hard and fast rule although it would be justified in doing so. The Congress should not say anything definite which it could not give effect to. Its broad policy should be directed towards elimination of colonialism or imperialism wherever it existed, more specially in Asia and India, of course.

Pandit Nehru added: "We cannot invite conflict. Our policy must be directed to this end, namely, that no foreign power should have any colonial territory in the continent of Asia. It might take some time for

the life of the people of the areas concerned."

Dr. Jaitley who moved a verbal amendment, said that India when she stood for the freedom of all people in the world should not tolerate the existence of imperialist possessions on her own soil.

**PLEA FOR MORAL SUPPORT.**

Mr. Svan Pillai (Travancore) moved an amendment to the effect that the Congress must give moral support to the people of the foreign possessions in their movement for freedom. He said that the moral support given by the Congress to the Indian States people movement had borne fruit and there was nothing inconsistent in giving moral support to the people of foreign possessions.

**S. K. PATIL'S REPLY.**

Mr. S. K. Patil, member of the Working Committee, replying to the debate, said that if any of the amendments was accepted the whole structure would fall. He pointed out that the first part of the resolution laid down an emphatic assertion that with the establishment of independence in India, the continued existence of foreign possessions in India became anomalous to the conception of freedom of the Indians. The second part set out that the political incorporation with India was inevitable. To deal with the question they should adopt international procedure of co-operation with the Governments concerned for an understanding. Mr. S. K. Patil argued that at least in the French possession in Pondicherry and the Portuguese possession in Goa there had been administrative, cultural and linguistic factors different from those of Indians and these had to be taken into consideration. There was fear in the minds of the people of those places that they would be asked to give up these factors overnight. The ultimate aim was certain and these possessions had not to become an integral part of India but during the transition they had to take into account the international procedure and these cultural factors.

Dr. Patil said that the question was a simple one, for a correct understanding of the situation they had to take into account the international procedure and these cultural factors. The ultimate aim was certain and these possessions had not to become an integral part of India but during the transition they had to take into account the international procedure and these cultural factors.

**Indians In South Africa**

Mr. Shankarrao Deo moved the resolution on the question of Indians in South Africa. The resolution said that the South African Government had ignored the wishes of the General Assembly of the United Nations and the United Front and by offering "Satisfactory" arrangements had done violence to the rights of the Indian people not to quit South Africa.

Mr. Babubhai Patel said that it was a pity that free India could not go beyond mere expression of sympathy with the Indians in South Africa. Mr. Mahatma Gandhi had attached a great deal of importance to this problem and the delegates would be quite justified in calling upon the Congress Government to take steps more effective than those envisaged in the resolution.

Dr. Patil then put the resolution to vote and it was accepted in its original form, all amendments having been defeated.

**INDONESIA.**

Mr. Shankarrao Deo moved the resolution on Indonesia, which read as follows:

"The Congress sends its greetings to the leaders and people of the Indonesian Republic who have struggled for their freedom against great difficulties during the past three years. It assures them of its complete sympathy for their cause. The people of Indonesia have the right to be free and to be a part of the world of free nations. It is a matter of the utmost concern to India that Indonesia should attain her full freedom and take her rightful part in Asian and international affairs."

**BOYCOTT DUTCH GOODS.**

Mr. Anwar Harwani moved an amendment to the resolution that the Congress should call upon the Indian people not to buy any Dutch goods until Dutch troops were withdrawn from Indonesia.

The President said that the amendment went beyond the scope of the resolution.

The amendment was, however, defeated and the original resolution passed.

**PARTITION SUPPORTERS.**

The Committee then took up the resolution on "Supporters from the Partition."

The resolution read:

"This Congress records its deep



(1) Rt. Rev. Dr. L. Raymond, Bishop of Allahabad, (2) Rev. Fr. A. M. Coyne, Principal of the College, (3) Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, the Governor, (4) Rt. Rev. Dr. V. Gracias, Bishop Auxiliary of Bombay.

### "GREAT & TIME HONOURED INSTITUTION"

#### Governor's Glowing Tributes At St. Xavier's College Day

The Governor of Bombay presiding over the "College Day" celebrations on Thursday, paid glowing tributes to this "great and time honoured institution" saying it had produced eminent men and women in every walk of life.

Addressing the students and the staff the Governor said: "Your College was founded nearly 80 years ago. But you are not going to perish like the ordinary human being. You will continue, I hope, to grow from strength to strength and I am confident that you will have the support of the public and the Government of Bombay. I am glad to know that your college has a reputation for discipline and you are an extraordinarily well-behaved body of men and women."

**EFFICIENT STAFF**

Originally the staff of St. Xavier's, the Governor said consisted mainly European educators who had come to India to work in a spirit of devotion

and sacrifice for the good of the students, but now there were many Indians who were working side by side. He hoped the staff fulfilled its duty conscientiously and urged the College Authorities to increase their salaries. His Excellency made a donation of Rs. 100 for students who had brought credit to the college, both in work and play.

Rev. Fr. A. M. Coyne, the Principal, welcoming the Governor said the College strength was 2,500, and assured the Governor that the College would extend its co-operation, both in educational and cultural development of the country.

Among those present were Rt. Rev. Dr. V. Gracias Auxiliary Bishop of Bombay, the Rt. Rev. Dr. L. Raymond, Bishop of Allahabad, and Rev. Fr. Cassayas, Superior of the Jesuit Mission in Bombay.

The members of the 1st Battalion of the National Cadet Corps presented the Governor with a "Guard of Honour".

sorrow at the death, by intercommunal conflict of vast numbers of the people of this country belonging to every religion during the disturbances that preceded and followed the partition. The Congress extends its heartfelt sympathy to all their relatives and to all the refugees who have suffered untold misery and lost all they possessed and borne their sufferings with fortitude. While appreciating the efforts that the Central and Provincial Governments have done to give relief to and rehabilitate these refugees the Congress trusts that every effort will be made by Government and people to expedite this work and more particularly that children and young people will be specially cared for and given opportunities of education and development.

**"SOLDIERS" NOT REFUGEES.**

Sardar Gurumukh Singh \*Mussafar moving two amendments said that though great sympathy had been expressed with the refugees from Pakistan and the Government had done their best under the circumstances, the refugees felt that nothing tangible had been done to rehabilitate them. He said it was a misnomer to call these people refugees, for they were nothing but brave soldiers who had lost everything in India's battle for freedom. It was, therefore, the duty of the Government—Central and Provincial—to treat these people as soldiers who had played a great part in the freedom struggle, and not as refugees. "Otherwise I am afraid in the immediate future India may be divided in two camps, refugees and non-refugees. That is a danger against which the various Governments must safeguard themselves."

He said that the first question that must be tackled immediately was that of shelter for these unfortunate people who had been rendered homeless.

Mr. Ajit Prasad Jain said that the Government must act to recover all abducted women and children.

Mr. Shibbanlal Saxena said that the number of abducted women and children so far recovered was just a fraction of those abducted and the Government must not rest until all of them had been recovered and brought to India.

Mr. Narendra Nath Sen (West Bengal) moved an amendment suggesting the addition of two paragraphs at the end of the resolution urging the Gov-

(Continued on Page 7)

## Dange Pleads Karkare's Innocence

### "JAIN, SHANKAR AND BADGE THREE VILLAINS IN MURDER DRAMA", HE SAYS

RED FORT, Dec. 17 (U.P.I.): When the Special Court of Mr. Anna Charan resumed its sitting today, Mr. Dange, Counsel for Vishnu R. Karkare, continued his arguments.

Before Mr. Dange began, Mr. Inamdar, Counsel for Dr. Farukure and Gopal Godse, pointed out to a press report which appeared to day's papers in which Sardar Patel was reported to have stated at the Jaipur Session of the Congress that the pistol with which Mahatma Gandhi was shot came from Gwalior. Mr. Inamdar said that it was his duty to bring to the notice of the Judge that when the whole murder case of Mahatma Gandhi was being investigated, such open statements should not have been made.

Mr. Dange read out copiously from the statement of Vishnu R. Karkare Ahmednagar had sent in a petition to show that in his previous conduct there was nothing to show that he was a person who could have joined the conspiracy. Mr. Dange also read out portions of Karkare's statement relating to the visit of Noakhali while Gandhi was in Noakhali. Accordingly, Mr. Dange said that Karkare was a social worker of Hindus and had recruited many to Hinduism who had earlier changed their faith.

Karkare was arrested on February 14 under orders from the Home Minister of Bombay. The Muslims of Bombay, the Rt. Rev. Dr. L. Raymond, Bishop of Allahabad, and Rev. Fr. Cassayas, Superior of the Jesuit Mission in Bombay.

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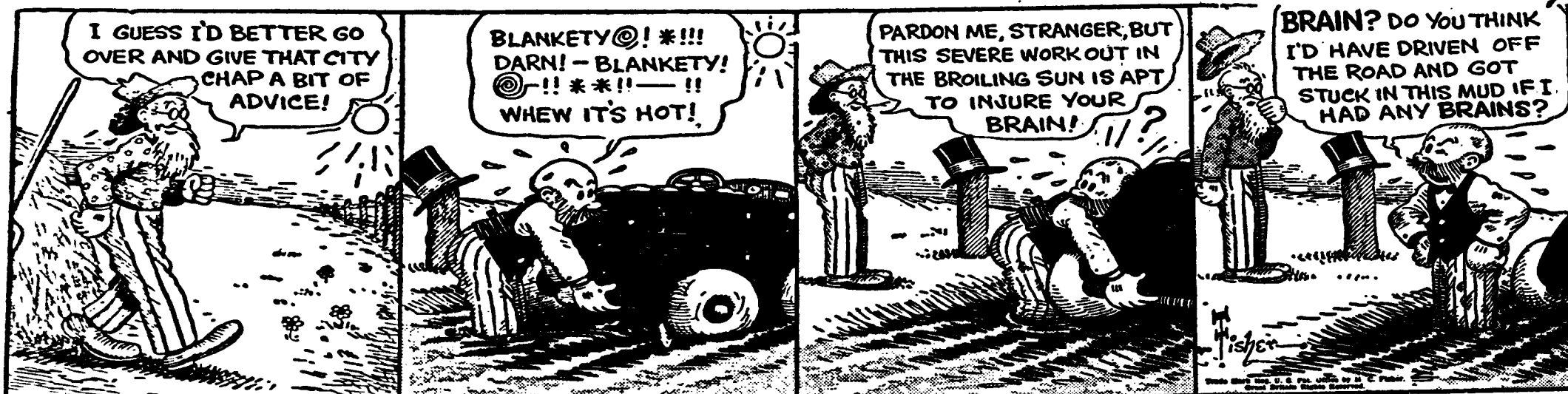
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### MUTT AND JEFF—And What's More—Jeff Hasn't Even Got A Driver's License

By BUD FISHER



# DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA

NO 10 THODUPUZHA (TRAVANCORE)  
BRANCH, 57, MANBU CHETTY STREET, MADRAS  
AND OTHER BRANCHES -

BRANCHES ALL OVER ALWY  
ATTINGAL, UCHUN, CAL CUT, COCHIN  
MADRAS, PONDICHERRY, PUNJAB  
PORETTUR, TEL. MUMBAI, KARACHI  
MADRAS, KOTTA, KOTTA  
MADRAS, K. K. KOTTA, K. K. KOTTA  
MADRAS, K. K. KOTTA, K. K. KOTTA

MUMBAI, K. K. KOTTA, K. K. KOTTA  
MADRAS, K. K. KOTTA, K. K. KOTTA  
MADRAS, K. K. KOTTA, K. K. KOTTA  
MADRAS, K. K. KOTTA, K. K. KOTTA

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excellent  
Tonic  
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Semi  
Weakness  
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**Ahmedabad: Ramnatha Building, Relief Road. Hyderabad (Dn.) Abid Road,**  
**and at Poona.**  
**General Managers: DEVI CHAND SAWHNEY & Co.**



# 1,875,300 METRIC TONS OF RICE AVAILABLE FOR EXPORT

## I. E. F. C.'s Allocations Will Meet Only Half Of World Demand

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16 (Reuter).—Although 1,875,300 metric tons of exportable rice have been recommended by the International Emergency Food Committee for distribution during the first six months of the next year, they will meet only half the world's requirements.

The major importers are:

|           |                           |              |              |              |
|-----------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Ceylon    | 236,000 tons              | China        | 241,000 tons |              |
| Cuba      | 122,000 tons              | India        | 481,000 tons |              |
| Indonesia | (Netherlands possessions) | 145,000 tons | Malaya       | 154,000 tons |

Allocations for the first six months of 1948 were:

|           |              |
|-----------|--------------|
| Ceylon    | 201,000 tons |
| China     | 217,000 tons |
| Cuba      | 135,000 tons |
| India     | 446,100 tons |
| Indonesia | 131,000 tons |
| Malaya    | 244,500 tons |

Supplies available for export exceed by about 75,000 metric tons, the total allocated in the same period this year. It represents about 45 per cent of the amount of rice imported by the claimant countries in a comparable period before the war. Unfettered conditions, combined with bad weather in some of the great rice-producing and consuming countries, have retarded recovery of rice production particularly production for export.

The overall production approaches the pre-war quantity, but the demand resulting from growing populations and from efforts to raise diet levels has limited the quantities of rice available for export.

Burma, with 776,400 metric tons, is again the major exporter, followed by Siam with 464,000 tons. Egypt with 250,000 tons and the United States with 188,000 tons.

The recommendation proposes token allocations of rice to new claimants—the Republic of Indonesia and Pakistan. A total allocation of 20,000 tons has been recommended for Indonesia pending further review of the IEF's rice committee.



DR. RALPH JOHNSON BUNCHE, ACTING CHIEF OF U.N. PALESTINE

## AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)  
AHMEDABAD, Dec. 17.  
FLUCTUATIONS: Calico opened 1202 highest 1208, lowest 1198, highest 1208, lowest 1198, highest 1208, lowest 1198, highest 1208, lowest 1198.

## Black Pepper Inactive In New York

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.  
Pepper prices closed inactive and 100 lower to 200 points higher on the New York Produce Exchange today. Pre-holiday atmosphere continued to settle over the spot market. With leading grinders scheduled to close down for Christmas week and in view of the year-end inventory taking, dealers expect the market to remain inactive for at least two weeks. In the futures section of the market, interest was practically non-existent. Neither buyers nor sellers indicated their position pending further information on shipments from India and the course of political developments in Indonesia.

Closing prices included:

|           |       |
|-----------|-------|
| December  | 80    |
| January   | 75    |
| March     | 62    |
| May       | 52    |
| July      | 50    |
| September | 50    |
| October   | 47.20 |

In the ready market, both black and white pepper was quoted at 80 cents.

Other seed prices included:

|               |                                                        |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Castor seeds  | 55 asked per long ton FOB Brazilian ports              |
| Cotton seeds  | 75 nominal per ton basis Memphis, depending on quality |
| Linseed       | 6.00 per bushel, Minneapolis                           |
| Neapole       | oil 27.8 cents asked per pound                         |
| Groundnuts    | 18.50—75 cents per pound                               |
| Groundnut oil | 17-1/2 bld. 17-3/4 asked                               |

## CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

(Continued from Page 8)  
cerned the sooner they are given effect to the better will it be for the cause of primary education in the city.

## SUPERCESSION OF KURLA MUNICIPALITY

The supercession of the Kurla Municipality by the Bombay Government for a period of two years in view of the problem of suburban local bodies which sooner or later will have to be absorbed in the City Corporation if the scheme for greater Bombay and the Master Plan are not to remain unfulfilled dreams. The reasons given by the Government for their action are no doubt quite convincing and when the Government's action is considered in the light of the fact that the Government is not to remain unfulfilled dreams, it is not to be wondered at that the Government should have taken such steps to set matters right. But the question, however, remains if supercession is the only remedy. Unfortunately, this is not the first time that the Borough Municipality of our neighbouring island has come in for such disaster. It has had an unenviable history behind it. But the action has been necessary and painful because it has been necessitated in such close neighbourhood of Bombay and at a time when the country has entered the era of freedom and introduction of full fledged democracy is what the people expect. In these circumstances, will it not be more in keeping with the spirit of the new times to hold early elections to such local bodies on the basis of adult franchise? It can be confidently expected that fresh elections on the basis of wider suffrage will bring in the requisite amount of new blood and persons more directly responsible to the people will behave in a manner different from what those who managed the affairs of that Municipality have done in the past.

Having voted a civic address to be given to Shri Chakravarti Rajgopalachari, the Governor General when he visits Bombay early in January, the Corporation took leave for ten days by deciding not to hold any meeting till the 23rd of this month. There are to be no meetings of the Committee either. This unusual holiday at a time when there is so much work pending was necessitated on account of the 55th session of the Indian National Congress, which is now in progress at Jaipur. Quite a large number of city fathers mostly belonging to the Congress party in the House are out of the town and since they will not be able to return by coming Monday the meeting in the next week has been fixed for Thursday.

## LONDON PEPPER PRICES

Trading turned active in the London pepper market today with white quoted at 3/8-1/2 buyers, 3/9-1/2 sellers; black pepper was quoted at 3/5-3/4 buyers, 3/6-1/4 sellers. Market was quoted nominally quoted at 3/40 and January-March 1/30.

## APPLICATION TO VACATE MANDATORY ORDERS REJECTED

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Desai.)  
Tolaram R. Bhagnari, Petitioner.

Farulkar and Others, Respondents.  
An application was made by the Advocate-General to his Lordship on Friday afternoon to vacate the interim mandatory injunction granted by his Lordship on 13th December ordering the respondents to restore to the petitioner possession of his flat at Mahin in respect of which the Government had passed a requisition order. The Advocate-General contended that such an order should never have been made 'ex parte'. He pointed out that some of the statements in the affidavit made by the petitioner were false. He further submitted that the Requisition Act gave the Government the power to requisition the premises, that acting under that power the Government had put the landlord into possession and that the interim mandatory injunction had put the Government in a very embarrassing position with regard to the matter.

The first respondent who is the Assistant Controller of Accommodation, denied having said that possession would not be given to the petitioner when the interim order was served upon him as alleged by the petitioner. Mr. Kazi stated that when the petitioner's advocate saw him some time later he had observed in a lighter vein to the effect that the order was an unusual one but had not stated that it was "inconceivable" that such an order should have been made by any court.

His Lordship stated that he was not concerned with these statements in view of the fact that possession of the flat had been restored to the petitioner on Thursday. In his Lordship's opinion the service of the requisition order did not appear to have been properly effected and there were no new materials placed before him which would induce his Lordship to vacate the order for interim mandatory injunction. His Lordship, therefore, refused the Advocate-General's application and fixed the hearing of the petition for 26th January 1949. The petition prays for a "writ of certiorari" to quash the requisition order, and for a "writ of prohibition" or an order under Section 45 of the Specific Relief Act to prohibit enforcement of that order.

Mr. J. L. Nain instructed by Messrs. Samant and Co. appeared for the petitioner.

divorce on the ground that her husband (the defendant) had kept another woman as his "concubine", within the meaning of section 3(1) of the Bombay Hindu Divorce Act 22 of 1947.

The plaintiff was married to the defendant in 1943 in accordance with Hindu Vedic rites at Poona. In 1946 the defendant deserted the plaintiff, and in April 1948 he purported to marry another woman at Nagpur. The plaintiff stated that the defendant being born in Ratnagiri District was domiciled in Bombay that his second marriage was void under the Bombay Prevention of Hindu Bigamous Marriages Act 25 of 1946, and that therefore the status of the second wife was merely that of a concubine and the plaintiff was entitled to divorce under the new Divorce Act.

His Lordship accepted this contention of the plaintiff and granted divorce to her.

Mr. M. B. Chitre instructed by Messrs. Chitra & Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

## HIGH COURT VACATION

The Bombay High Court closed the X'mas Vacation on Friday and will re-open on Monday 3rd January, 1949.

## GUJARAT UNIVERSITY COMMITTEE'S REPORT

BOMBAY, Friday.  
The "Ad Hoc" Committee appointed by Government to inquire into the possibilities of formation of a University of Gujarat has completed collection of evidence. The Report is expected to be submitted to Government before the end of this month.

It is unlikely that the Budget Session of the Assembly in February will be able to discuss the report and adopt legislation for the setting up of the University since the submission of the report at the end of the month is considered too late.

The Committee, with Mr. G. V. Mavanker as Chairman has been holding discussions in Bombay since the 14th instant and are expected to finalise their conclusions by tomorrow. It is learnt that the Saurashtra Ministry have assured the Committee that when the Gujarat University is set up, all schools and colleges in the State would affiliate themselves to the new University. Opinion in Baroda also shows that the State authorities are in favour of similar affiliation.

## KARNATAK UNIVERSITY

The coming Budget Session of the Assembly is expected to discuss legislation to establish a separate University for Karnataka.

RAJKOT:—Some members of the R. S. S. who are in Rajkot Central Jail have gone on fast because they have been placed in C class instead of B.

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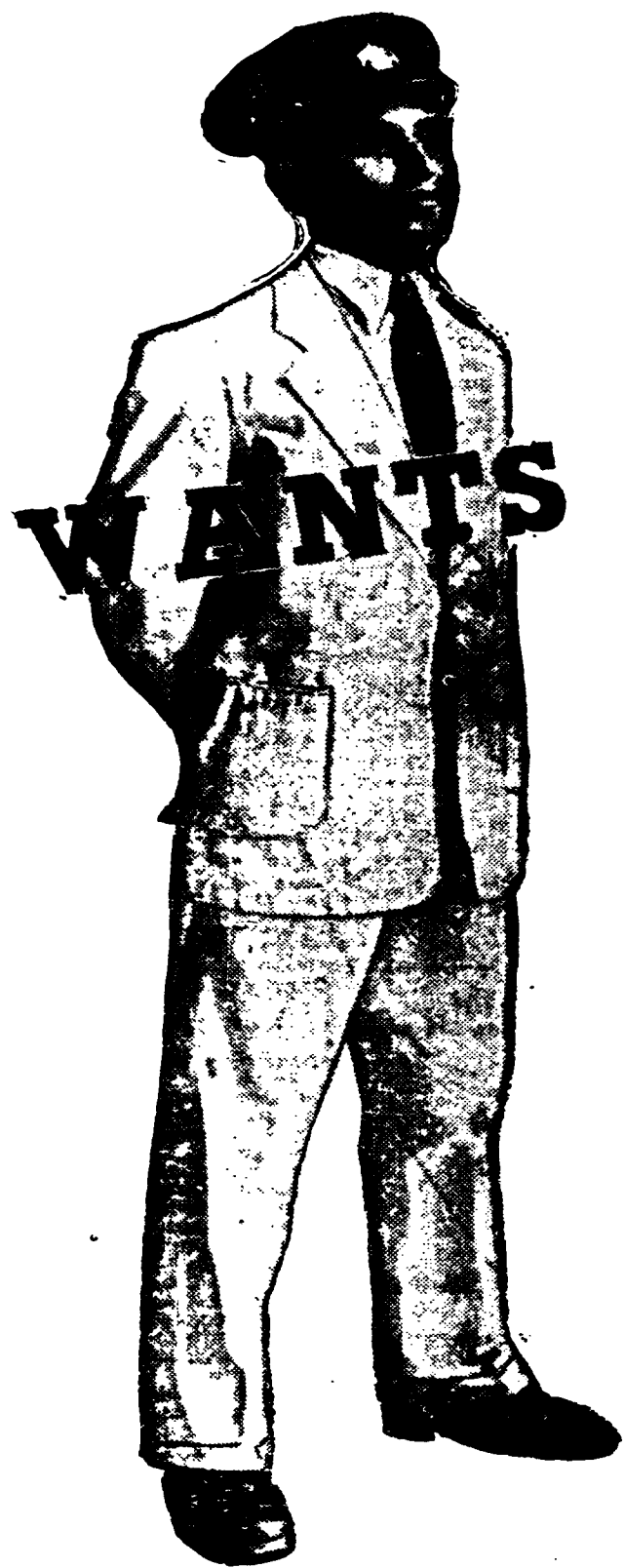
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## GOVERNMENT TO PROVIDE SCHOOLS FOR BLIND

### Maharaj Singh Declares Open Blind, Deaf-Mute Exhibition

**BOMBAY, Friday.**—Declaring open the "Help the Blind" Industrial Exhibition at Azad Maidan this evening, His Excellency Raja Sir Maharaj Singh said that the Government of Bombay was considering the question of providing more schools for the blind as a part of the scheme of compulsory education.

The Governor also disclosed that a scheme for the training of a number of instructors in the special technique of teaching the blind and the deaf-mute, with a view to opening 8 residential institutions for the blind and 9 for the deaf-mute, was also under the consideration of Government. The Exhibition has been organised mainly through the efforts of Miss Khurshid B. S. Vakil in co-operation with the Chairman and members of the Standing Committee of the First Provincial Conference for the Blind.

**CARE FOR THE BLIND**

Welcoming the Governor, Mr. R. M. Alpaigwala, the Chairman of the Standing Committee, who himself is blind, said that there were more than 50,000 blind persons in the province. He regretted that owing to lack of funds not more than 500 were being cared for. While thanking the Government for their sympathy, he said that their sympathetic attitude should take some tangible shape to ameliorate the lot of these unfortunate people. Miss Vakil, appealing for public help and co-operation in this noble cause, requested the Governor to declare open the Exhibition.

Declaring open the Exhibition, Raja Sir Maharaj Singh said, "From the somewhat rough statistics so far

## "HELP THE BLIND" EXHIBITION



Str. Maharaj Singh listening to the Blind Musicians. To His Excellency's right are Mr. Alpaigwala, the blind advocate and Miss Vakil

available it appears that in our Province alone there are over half a lakh of persons who are totally blind and nearly one and a half lakhs who are partially blind. As against this we have only 13 institutions catering specially for only 400 blind persons. Government have already announced its readiness to aid deserving institutions which are combating the scourge of blindness and to supplement, as far as possible, voluntarily philanthropic efforts for educating the blind and for their absorption in gainful employments."

### EYE CAMPS IN PROVINCE

Referring to Government's efforts to help the blind, the Governor said that two Eye Camps, one at Jalgaon and the other at Hubli, have been opened. In each of these camps nearly 2,700 patients have been treated. Government have further given an annual grant to the Blind Asylum Fund at Dhulia. The Blind Relief Association at Bijapur, The Mobile Medico-Surgical Unit

has been converted into the Mobile Ophthalmic Unit which would start work soon.

Continuing, the Governor said that a Provincial Council for the Blind has already been set up by Government and the resolutions and suggestions of the recent conference have been referred to it for its consideration and advice. He assured that Government would take action after receiving the view of the Council.

The Governor observed, "Blindness, whether congenital or developed later in life, needs the most sympathetic attention and co-operation from these members who are free from the handicap which this affliction entails. It has been amply demonstrated that education can be given to the blind, that their personality can be developed and that they can be made to contribute in their own way to the common pool of civic activity."

Mr. K. D. Aga proposed a vote of thanks. The Governor was taken round the various stalls of the Exhibition.

## GLEANINGS FROM URDU PRESS

The "Tej" of Delhi writes:—One of the objects of the Bill to amend the Government of India Act, 1935, which the Deputy Premier introduced in the Constituent Assembly on November 24 last, is to set up appellate tribunals to hear appeals against the decisions of Central and Provincial industrial tribunals. The aim is to ensure uniformity in the review of awards made. While the move will be welcomed by the section of the public concerned, it is widely felt that the newly constituted tribunal should be empowered to review cases with retrospective effect. A time limit may be fixed within which the appellate tribunals will be entitled to adjudicate upon the cases that may be brought before them for review. The suggestion, we think, limits the consideration of our legislators in the Constituent Assembly.

### NEED FOR PUBLICITY

The "Madina" of Bihore writes:—Since Pakistan came into being its agents have been disseminating Indian propaganda throughout the Middle East. Not long ago, no stone was left unturned to poison the Iranian mind against their Indian neighbours. As a result, for some time India residents in Iran felt themselves insecure. Now comes the report that the common people in Arabia are being misled by Pakistani agents' campaign of vilification against India. Certain public or many Government officials. We have time again stressed in these columns the vital need for intensifying our publicity in the Middle Eastern countries with a view to countering the Pakistani propaganda and acquainting them with the real facts of the situation so that the people may be enabled to form their impartial judgement. India cannot afford to risk her relations with the Middle East through sheer apathy or ineptitude.

### SEPARATE SIKH STATE

The "Quami Awaz", Lucknow, says:—A member of the A. I. C. C. has given notice of a resolution to be moved in the forthcoming Jaipur Congress session urging immediate action to put a stop to the propaganda for the formation of a separate Sikh State. The resolution further demands that the Akali Party and other allied organisations carrying on militant communal propaganda should be banned. The resolution will, of course, be duly considered by the body before which it

will come up for discussion. We, however, think that the time has come for the Government to consider seriously if separatist movement in any shape or form should be allowed to continue to the detriment of the unity and solidarity of India. The country has been dismembered as a result of such persistent movement by a section of the Indian people. Even after the partition the integrity of India is being threatened by the new monster of provincialism. In such circumstances any further separatist move based on communalism may have serious repercussions on the peace and unity of the country. The resolution will serve to draw the Government's pointed attention to this potential danger and we hope proper steps will be taken to deal with it in time.

### CIVIL DEFENCE OR FOOD?

The "Ittehad", Allahabad says:—When big personages like the Governor or the Prime Minister visit any town in the course of their tour, sometimes a purse of big or small amounts, is presented to them by the local people in honour of their visit. The honoured guests usually make a gift of the money to be spent on some charitable institution or some nation building or constructive purposes. Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister, recently paid a visit to Jessore and Khulna, among other places where purses were presented to him Rs. 50,000/- at Jessore and Rs. 100,000/- at Khulna. The Prime Minister of Pakistan, it is reported, made over the sums to the District Magistrate concerned "for purposes of local civil defence work." Is Civil defence work of more urgent importance in East Bengal than food and cloth—the common man's absolute necessities of life?

### INDIA FOLLOWS THE LEADER

The "Haqiqat" Lucknow states:—"Pakistan is disdainful of India's ideological pretensions", whispered the Pakistani delegates explaining their strange somersault in voting on India's amendment over the South-West African issue at the U. N. Yes, it is perfectly natural for one having no pretension to any ideal or principle to become disdainful of those who try to follow it through storm and stress in national and international affairs. The Father of the Nation has taught India not to practise deceit and falsehood in the name of diplomacy but to maintain an ideological stand even in political game. India has so far followed that teaching. Pakistan's disdain is not likely to deflect her from her course.

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- (d) limitation on other varieties—drills, twills, crepes, coatings and bed ticking cloths taken together may not exceed 10% of total production;
- (e) curtailment of expensive dyed and printed cloth—no mill may piece-dye more than 5% of the cloth produced by it or 75% of the quantity piece-dyed in basic years (1940-42); no mill may print more than 7% of the cloth produced by it or 75% of the quantity printed in basic years;
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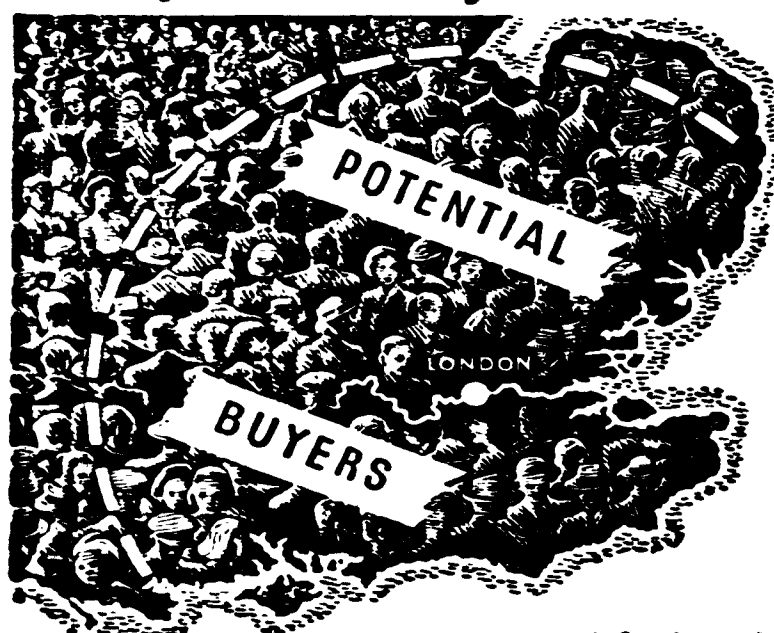
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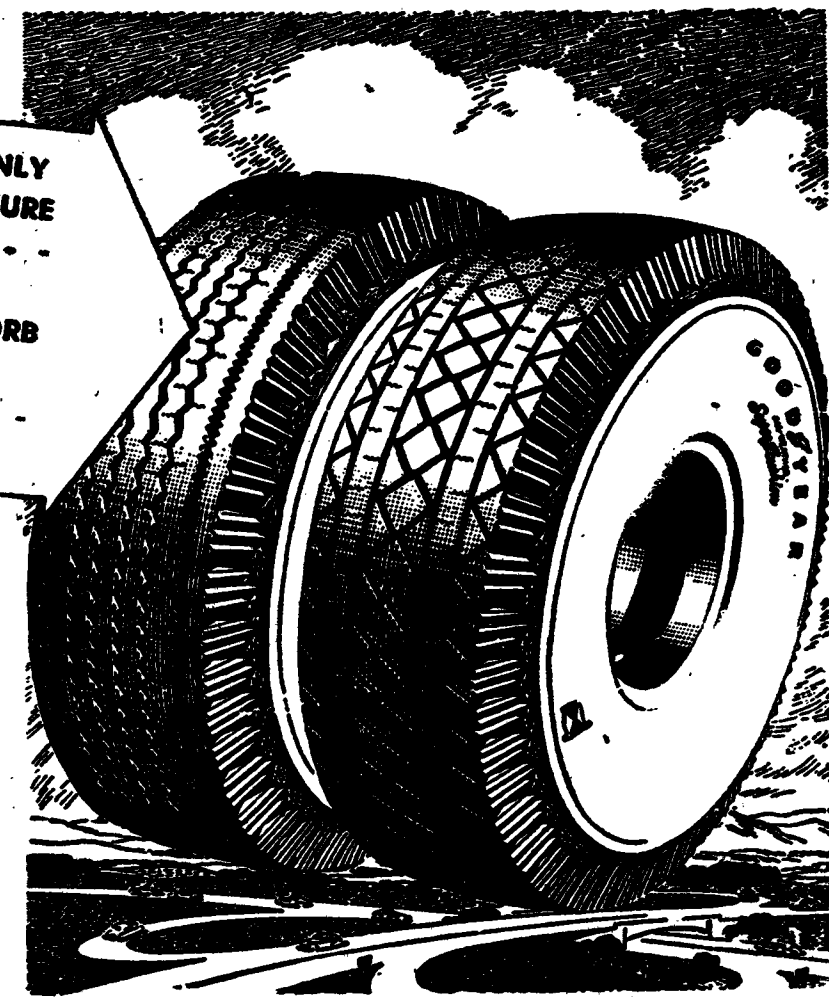
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**GOODYEAR**

# PAKISTAN MUST STOP EAST BENGAL EXODUS

(Continued from Page 12)  
 argument of India to "put pressure on the Pakistan Government to take immediate steps to put a stop to all aggression on the border areas and also to stop the exodus of Hindus and create a situation congenial for the immigrant Hindus to return to their homes."

## REFER IT TO U.N.O.

Mr. Sen, who was particularly referring to the Hindu exodus from East Bengal and the reported aggression on the border areas of West Bengal, Assam and Tripura also suggested that the question of the minorities in Pakistan should be referred to the U.N.O. Mr. Sen said that the Pakistan Government did not at all desire to stop the Hindu exodus from Eastern Pakistan. On the other hand they were trying to simplify the minority problem by the policy of "gradual conversion to Islam" of the minorities.

In this connection Mr. Sen quoted an "anti-Hindu booklet published in East Bengal" and said that vigorous propaganda was still going on in Pakistan to eliminate the Hindu community. Mr. Sen said that the Government of India must take adequate steps to stop the exodus from Pakistan or ask the Pakistan Government to part with sufficient land to enable the West Bengal Government to resettle refugees from East Pakistan.

Dr. Chhotiram Gidwani said that the resolution should not only call upon the Congress Government to help the refugees but also impress upon various Congress Committees in the country to co-operate with the Government on this question.

## PUNJABI COMPLAINT

Mr. Rupathal Mehta (East Punjab) said that the Congress Government must call upon their officers to help refugees because from his personal experience in East Punjab he could say that Government officers had adopted an absolutely callous attitude towards the refugees.

Mr. Nandlal (East Punjab) said that every Punjabi refugee was unhappy and discontented because despite Government incurring an expenditure of crores of rupees on the settlement of the refugees the latter left that they had not at all benefited.

Because of this discontent 90 per-

cent of the R.S.S. Satyagrahis in East Punjab and Delhi were Punjab refugees.

Mr. Lena Singh Sethi (East Punjab) said that the resolution, as it stood, did not present a correct picture because it made it appear that the Government had done their best and that the question was being settled steadily. He said that the present limited resources of the Government were not sufficient to tackle this problem. More money, therefore, should be collected unofficially by issuing lottery tickets or Prize Bonds as had been done during the war.

## SIDEWAYS SUPPORT

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa supported the resolution and paid a tribute to the Central and Provincial Governments for the manner in which they were tackling the refugee problem. He said he had personal knowledge of the way in which the Bombay Government strove to solve the question.

Mr. Abdul Ghanai, by an amendment, wanted the inclusion of "displaced persons" within the scope of the resolution. He said India was a secular state and as such the Government should help Muslims, who had been displaced in Delhi, Dehra Dun and other areas. There were a number of Muslim children who also required to be helped.

## SARDAR INTERVIEWS

Sardar Patel, intervening, deprecated references to communities among refugees and said the Government was pledged to aid and assist in the rehabilitation of all refugees in distress. Mr. Jagat Narain Lal thought that the Government were dealing with the refugee problem in as able a manner as possible under the circumstances and they should now see that Pakistan must call upon their officers to help refugees because from his personal experience in East Punjab he could say that Government officers had adopted an absolutely callous attitude towards the refugees.

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## SARDAR PATEL'S REPLY

Replying to the debate the Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel warned some of those who spoke on the resolution against exploiting the refugees for political or other purposes. By wild statements and impractical suggestions they were doing no good either to themselves or to the refugees, he said, added that they must realise there was no one in the Government or elsewhere who did not have genuine sympathy for the plight of the refugees.

## HOPE TO REFUGEES FROM EAST BENGAL

In regard to refugees from East Bengal, Sardar Patel said that their problem, unlike that of those who had come away from Western Pakistan, was different. They would have to go back to their homes and the Pakistan Government must create the proper atmosphere and facilities for their return. If the Pakistan Government would do this, then the responsibility for it and account for it. It would be the duty of the Government of India to see that this problem was solved.

Sardar Patel said that whatever was humanly possible was being done to settle the refugees. The Government were greatly exercised over this very difficult and intricate problem. Some speakers had criticised the Government. Others wanted to delete the praise given to the Government in the resolution. He was not concerned with the praise. They had gathered there to take stock of the situation and to criticise the Government, if necessary. But if the motive of the criticism was to score the sympathy of the refugees, then the so-called protagonists of the refugees were doing them a disservice. The Government was faced with the problem, the magnitude of which had not confronted any other state in the world. Despite limitations the problem was being tackled.

By adopting amendments which sought to raise taxes and with that money build houses, they would not be able to turn out houses. They must have the necessary materials, labour and time to construct dwelling places. And this was a problem which could be solved only by the Ministry. This was a national problem and required a concerted national effort to solve it.

## DON'T LOSE BALANCE

Refugees had to be rehabilitated and this needed a constructive approach. In seeking a solution of the problem they must not lose their balance. In this connection he alluded to the speech of Mr. Chhotiram Gidwani yesterday and again today. He appreciated his agony in that lakhs had left Sind and suffered so much, but unbalanced pronouncements would be of little avail in helping them. Sardar Patel said that as soon as the first Indian Governor-General Mr. Rajagopalachari had taken over Mr. Chhotiram Gidwani wrote a letter in uncompromising terms to the Governor-General asking him as to why he accepted the position and so forth. This was in bad taste. This only showed that their mental equilibrium had been upset.

Referring to Mr. Abdul Ghanai's reference for inclusion of displaced Muslims within the scope of the resolution, Sardar Patel asked where was the scope for "Muslim or Hindu" in the resolution. He deplored Mr. Ghanai's approach to the problem. Mr. Ghanai claimed to be a Nationalist Muslim and yet his outlook on the problem was unfortunately communal.

## WARNING TO THOSE WHO HOLD FORTH THREATS

Sardar Patel appealed to all to help the State in its task of rehabilitating the refugees and not to mislead the "fortunate" people. Sardar Patel warned those who held out threats of unrest and said that the refugee problem had to be solved in a calm manner.

## DUTY OF PAKISTAN

Referring to the exodus from East Bengal Sardar Patel said that there were about a crore and a half Hindus there. Their condition was deplorable. But if all of them were to migrate to India, would be faced with serious problems. It was not merely a case of reaching an agreement on Inter-Dominion level with Pakistan. The issue was far more serious and this had been made clear to Pakistan. The Hindus who had left East Bengal and were now in India as refugees, would all have to go back and the Pakistan Government must make the necessary arrangements for this purpose. They must also be assured that their lives would not be in danger in Pakistan. He had once said that if the Hindus in very large numbers were made to leave East Bengal on account of intolerable living conditions, the Pakistan Government should see to it that space was provided for their rehabilitation. He had no aggressive intentions against Pakistan, and believed that the two Dominions must resolve the differences amicably by mutual discussions.

Probably there were other methods by which the problem could be solved and if Pakistan had any "alternate" solution she must make it known.

## INDIA WON'T SIT QUIET

Sardar Patel emphasised that whatever he was saying on the subject was not merely in the interests of the refugees but for the good of Pakistan as well. It was for Pakistan now to take concrete steps to solve this problem and he would accept that if the problem was not satisfactorily dealt with, India would not helplessly sit quiet. Sardar Patel briefly referred to the steps taken to rehabilitate the refugees and said that the Government had accepted the refugee problem. The suggestions of high-powered committees set up to solve the refugee problems. On this Committee were, be-

side himself, Pandit Nehru and Mr. Mehrchand Khanna. He was sorry that many speeches had been made before the Subjects Committee which ought not to have been made.

## THE REAL AGGRIEVED

It was true that there were a number of refugees who had not yet been resettled but these were mainly of the urban population who in the past had lived a life of comfort. So far as the rural people are concerned, such as workers and peasants, they had been settled long ago.

Sardar Patel said that Government would not rest content till the refugee problem was satisfactorily solved. If the critics thought that Government had failed, why was the Government kept in office? The present Government had not succeeded in efficiently and expeditiously so many problems which had cropped up after the country's partition. Still there were more problems awaiting solution. Government were disheartened by the non-co-operative attitude of certain leaders of the refugees and consequently the rehabilitation work had slowed down. He appealed for co-operation in this task.

## PROVOCATION WON'T DO

The critics had the liberty to draw the Government's attention to their failures to redress the grievances of the refugees; but this should not take the form of provoking the refugees.

Sardar Patel said that many provincial Governments were dismayed by the non-co-operative attitude of certain leaders of the refugees and consequently the rehabilitation work had slowed down. He appealed for co-operation in this task.

The House adopted the resolution with an amendment which appreciated the work done by the Indian States in the rehabilitation of refugees. Other amendments were rejected by the House.

## After lunch Mr. Shankar Rao Deo moved the resolution on Labour.

The resolution called for uninterrupted expansion of production and for maintenance of good relationship between Capital and Labour. It approved of the recommendations of the Economic Programme Committee of the A. I. C. C. On fixation of fair wages, profits and dividends and of profit-sharing for Labour in industry. The resolution further called upon the Central and Provincial Governments to take effective and early steps to implement the recommendations.

## JAIN'S AMENDMENTS

Mr. Nathulal Jain, moving three amendments, said that it was necessary to incorporate in this resolution the principle of establishing a classless society, which principle the House had passed yesterday in its resolution while entitled "The Message".

Mr. Jain said that the resolution while making an appeal to workers should also appeal to capitalists and black-marketeers to mend their ways. Mr. Jagannath Rao moving his amendment, said that the maximum amount of profit for workers should not be limited to the amounts mentioned in the recommendations of the Economic Programme Committee of the A. I. C. C. The amounts fixed by the Economic Committee were neither fair nor just. Why should workers be deprived of higher profits if by dint of hard work they earned a bigger share than contemplated in the resolution.

Mr. Shishbhal Saxena desired the resolution to be so amended as to impress upon the Provincial Governments to expedite the settlement of the refugees and further see to it that both the parties immediately respected the decisions of the authorities appointed to settle the disputes.

Mr. B. Mondal said that the words "shortest possible time" mentioned in connection with the programme of improving the lot of the Agricultural Labour were too vague, and, therefore, should be mentioned.

## NOT TIME FOR STRIKES

Mr. Jagjiwan Ram replying at length said that the National Congress had never lost sight of its essential duty of protecting and advancing the vital interests of the worker, whether in the field or in the factory. He said that the Indian Government had also accepted the Economic Committee programme and the formula of profit-sharing scheme, and added that at present the talk of any strikes, whether in the field or in the factory, would be harmful to the nation.

He referred to the proposed Railwaymen's Strike and said that such a strike would spell disaster to Labour at a time when there was acute shortage of foodstuffs, clothes and other commodities in India, and when an all-out drive for increased production was essential. He appealed to Labour to take a realistic and responsible view of the critical situation through which the country was passing and not to be swayed by disruptive ideologies. He urged the people to adopt measures to safeguard and promote the interests of the workers in factories, industries and in the field. He hoped that a classless society would be established soon and fair profits be given fair wages and fair profits.

Most of the amendments to the resolution on Labour were either withdrawn or rejected and the original proposition was accepted.

## SHORT RESOLUTION ON STATES

Mr. Shankarrao Deo then moved a

short resolution welcoming the development that had taken place in regard to the States in India and trusting that all feudal relics and impediments to the free development of the people would be removed.

## Mr. Jugal Kishore seconded the resolution.

Mr. Ratnappa Kumbhar (Kolhapur) moved an amendment suggesting that there should be no difference between the States and the Provinces. Mr. Kumbhar said, he hoped that the States would soon fall in line with the administrative setup of the Provinces. He also urged early merger of Kolhapur State.

Mr. Chakradra Saran Sinha through an amendment wanted that the process of integration, merger and union should be determined by the will of the people of the States concerned through adult franchise. He said that the people of different States should have the right, if they so desired, to form a Union.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa said that the State Ministry should form a model constitution for the States which could be adopted by various States after making some changes to suit local conditions.

Mr. Chakradra Saran Sinha moved an amendment seeking that the people of the States should have the right to decide the future of the States Union.

Mr. Sunder Lal's amendment urged the Government of India to take steps for the establishment of representative Governments in the States where they did not exist, setting up of popular assemblies and for the incorporation of State Armies into the Indian Army.

## SARDAR ANSWERS STATES' MINISTRY'S CRITICS

Speaking on some of the amendments moved to the resolution on States Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Minister in Charge of States, deplored many comments which the speakers had made on the States problem. Sardar Patel reminded the Subjects Committee that the Congress today was not the same as it was before. Once they were a body of agitators. They also carried on certain constructive activities but now they were no longer agitators. "We are the rulers of India. When we speak from this platform (Congress) we must use temperate language and should not indulge in irresponsible talks" the states Minister said.

Sardar Patel paid a tribute to the rulers whose patriotism and statesmanship, he said, had contributed in a large measure to the solution of a problem, which hardly two years ago had defied all approaches.

Sardar Patel urged Congress workers in the states to develop inherent strength to earn a democratic regime. To those who demanded the abolition of the institution of rulers, Sardar Patel advised that they must cherish and safeguard the historical traditions which they represented and which contributed in a large measure to the cultural heritage of India.

Sardar Patel alluded to the achievements of the States Ministry during the past year and dwelt at length on certain criticism made in respect of Patiala (Phulkian) Union, Kolhapur and certain centrally administered states.

Replying to the Critics Regarding the absence of popular ministries in those states, he said the fault did not lie with his ministry but with the general set up of popular organisations in those States. The absence of unity, lack of popular leadership and a general unpreparedness to shoulder new responsibilities.

## EXAMPLES OF BHAVNAGAR AND NAWANAGAR

It was wrong to say that rulers were unpatriotic and were unfit to play their parts in the political and social life of the country. He could cite the instance of the Maharaja of Bhavnagar, now holding the Governorship of Madras.

Representatives from the south would testify to the popularity of the Governor. He had thrown away all his power and given up his job. Similarly the Jamsahab of Nawanagar was a member of the Indian Delegation to the U.N.O. had rendered good service. Amongst the rest of the rulers who were capable men. There were exceptions of course, but they must show respect to the Order as such and not denounce it.

If there was no responsible Government in some states, it was because of the weakness of popular leadership in them.

Concluding, Sardar Patel said that their objective was to eliminate feudalism. The way to solve the problem was to carry their opponents with them and not to enter into conflicts with them.

## Latest Commercial

### NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

|                  | NEW YORK, Dec. 17 |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Previous Closing | \$2.09            |
| Today's Opening  | \$2.07            |
| Difference       | 2                 |
| Today's Closing  | \$2.15            |
| Difference       | +6                |

### LAST QUOTATIONS BOMBAY, Dec. 17.

|                        | Rs. As. |
|------------------------|---------|
| Silver Bullion Forward | 177 14  |
| Silver Ready           | 170 6   |
| Gold Forward           | 112 10  |
| Gold Ready             | 112 12  |
| Sovereign              | 73 12   |
| Cotton Jan Feb.        | 615 0   |

# 3,000 R. S. S. ARRESTS IN C. P. AND BERAR SO FAR

## Government Servants And Students Warned Against Taking Part In Agitation

NAGPUR, Dec. 17, (A.P.I.): The C. P. Government in a Press Note issued today warned the Government servants participating in R.S.S. demonstrations and agitation that they would be suspended at once and departmental enquiry started, calling upon them to show cause why disciplinary action, including dismissal, should not be taken against them.

Students participating in such illegal activities are liable to rustication, and this action would be taken without hesitation against those who have participated, or participate, in these activities, the Press Note adds.

## 3,000 ARRESTS SO FAR

Over 3,000 R.S.S. members have been arrested so far during last eight days in Central Provinces and Berar, according to official reports received here.

Of these, 500 were convicted and sentenced to terms of rigorous imprisonment ranging from three to six months and, in some cases, fines ranging from Rs. 100 to Rs. 500 in addition. Two hundred and fifty have been ordered to be detained under the Public Safety Act.

The "U.P.I." adds: The C.P. and Berar Government have promulgated orders renewing the proclamation of emergency in the States.

## KASHMIR COMMISSION IN BOMBAY

Indian Delegation To U.N. Assembly Returns Home

BOMBAY, Dec. 18, (A.P.I.): The three-man United Nations Kashmir Commission for India and Pakistan, appointed by the Security Council led by Dr. Alfred Lozano, Minister-elect of Colombia in the U.N.O. arrived in Bombay early this morning from London in an Air India International plane on their way to New Delhi.

On arrival, Dr. Lozano said in an interview that the Mission would first visit New Delhi to confer with officials of the External Affairs Ministry of the Government of India on the Kashmir affair. The Commission will later visit Pakistan and hold similar discussions with officials of the Pakistan Government.

## INDIAN DELEGATION RETURNS

The Commission will leave for Delhi tomorrow.

Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Secretary General of India's Ministry of External Affairs and Commonwealth Relations His Highness the Jamsahab of Nawanagar, Mr. R. Siva Rao members of the Indian Delegation to the United Nations General Assembly also returned to Bombay by the same plane. Sir Girja Shankar and Mr. Siva Rao will leave for Delhi tomorrow.

emergency, for the purposes of the C.P. and Berar Good Laws Act, within the areas of the Nagpur District for a further period of one month with effect from today.

## 28 VOLUNTEERS JAILED AT KALYAN

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Dec. 17. Twenty-eight R.S.S. workers who offered Satyagraha on 10th inst. at Kalyan were produced before the Resident Magistrate. Mr. Gokhale of Shahapur defended the accused and the Magistrate convicted all the volunteers to 3 months R. I. and a fine of Rs. 100 in default one month's R. I.

R.S.S. volunteers offered Satyagraha without their knowledge and some parents went to the police station to get their sons released but as their sons refused to offer apology the poor parents returned home. Some volunteers are said to have offered Satyagraha to avoid the coming school examinations.

## CITY POLICE KEEP VIGIL ON R.S.S. HIDE-OUTS

Bombay, Friday.

With the arrest of 31 R.S.S. volunteers in Bombay and suburbs today there are signs that the "R.S.S. satyagraha movement" has almost faded out entirely in this city.

Police circles, however, believe that R.S.S. volunteers have received instructions from their underground Central Headquarters in the country to intensify their "Satyagraha movement" after the present Congress Session at Jaipur concludes. The police are, therefore, keeping a vigil on all R.S.S. hide-outs in the city.

## INTER-VARSITY CRICKET

CALCUTTA, Dec. 17, (A.P.I.): The North Zone Semi-Final of the Inter-Varsity Cricket Tournament for the Robinson Baria Trophy between Lucknow and Allahabad Universities commenced today.

Going in first, Lucknow were all out for 169 (A. W. John 68, Prithi Singh 32, P. Das 39). Allahabad 80 for one wicket. (D. S. Chose 30, G. K. Singh not out 45).

## "REDS" CAPTURE NANYUA SHANGHAI AIRFIELD?

SHANGHAI, Dec. 17 (Reuter): A communist radio broadcast heard here tonight claimed that Communist General Lin Piao today captured the large airfield at Nanyuan, in the southern outskirts of the walled city of Peiping.

## ARRIVING SHORTLY

### The Famous EAGLE VACUUM BOTTLES

TO BE SOLD AT ALL THE BETTER STORES

Sole Agents

K. S. SHIVJI & CO.

144, Chakia St., BOMBAY 23, Calcutta St., CALCUTTA

Broadway, MADRAS

## FOODGRAINS EXPORT AND IMPORT RESTRICTIONS IN 47 VILLAGES

CONSEQUENT on the extension of rationing to the 47 villages in the Thana district which together with Greater Bombay will form the Bombay rationing area with effect from the 19th December, 1948, the present existing movement of food grains from and into Greater Bombay will apply to all this area as a whole with effect from the above date. These restrictions in brief are as under:-

### RESTRICTION ON IMPORTS

From the 19th December, 1948, therefore, no person can bring into the area of Greater Bombay and these villages together from any place outside, any quantity of wheat, wheat atta, maida, rava, suji, bran, bread, barley, barley flour, barley bran, rice, paddy, rice flour, jowar, bajra, bajra flour, maize, maize flour, maize rava and maize suji, except under a permit from the Director of Civil Supplies or the Controller of Rationing, Bombay.

### RESTRICTION ON EXPORTS.

With effect from the above date, no person can also remove from the said villages to any place outside Greater Bombay, jowar, bajra, nashli, and their flours, rice, paddy and their products, wheat, barley and their products, maize and its products (excluding maize starch).

### MOVEMENT OF PADDY TO BOMBAY CITY

The restriction on the movement of Paddy to Bombay City from any place in Greater Bombay outside the City, except under a permit granted by the Director of Civil Supplies or the Controller of Rationing, Bombay, will apply after the above date also with reference to the newly added area of 47 villages.

CUT OUT **R** AND KEEP  
**CLOTH RATIONING**  
 LEST YOU COMMIT ANY OFFENCE

Under the Bombay Cloth Rationing Order 1948 issued by the Government of Bombay under the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act 1946, and published in Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary, dated 30th November 1948.

1. Cloth Ration can be purchased on Cloth Ration Coupons either by the coupon-holder or by any member of his family only.

2. It is an OFFENCE to purchase Rationed Cloth on Cloth Coupons of persons other than ones own family members.

While purchasing his cloth ration, the coupon-holder must put his signature (or thumb impression if illiterate) on the cashmemo.

3. It is an OFFENCE for any person other than an authorised rationed cloth distributor to sell rationed cloth.

4. It is likewise an OFFENCE to purchase rationed cloth otherwise than against surrender of valid cloth coupons.

5. It is an OFFENCE for an authorised rationed cloth distributor to sell cloth otherwise than on surrender of cloth coupons by the customer.

6. It is an OFFENCE to obtain rationed cloth on a cloth ration coupon when the holder of the coupon is absent from the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District or is not living.

7. When any person dies, his unused cloth ration coupons must be surrendered for cancellation, to the Ward/Area Rationing Office concerned within ten days of his death. FAILURE TO DO SO IS AN OFFENCE.

8. The penalty laid down for contravention of the provisions of the Order is:-

1. Imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and the Court may in addition impose a sentence of fine, if deemed necessary.

2. Forfeiture of property in respect of which contravention is detected.

## CUT OUT **R** AND KEEP

### REVISED RATION QUANTUM

Foodgrains ration quantum for the 52nd Rationing Week commencing from Sunday, December 19 to Saturday, December 25, 1948, has been fixed as follows:

| Total Cereal Ration Per Week | Per Adult (2 food grains units.) | Per Child (1 food grain unit.) | Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration Card of One Unit. |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |             |              |        |
|------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|
| Total Cereal Ration Per Week | 2 1/8 seers | 1 9/16 seers | 1 seer |
|------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|

|                                         |        |          |          |
|-----------------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| Maximum available in Rice (Any variety) | 1 seer | 1/2 seer | 1/4 seer |
|-----------------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

|                            |             |              |        |
|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|
| Maximum available in Wheat | 2 1/8 seers | 1 9/16 seers | 1 seer |
|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|

|                                     |             |              |        |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|
| Of which—                           |             |              |        |
| (i) Maximum available in Wheatgrain | 2 1/8 seers | 1 9/16 seers | 1 seer |

|                                                     |             |              |        |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|
| (ii) Maximum available in Wheatflour (IF AVAILABLE) | 2 1/8 seers | 1 9/16 seers | 1 seer |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|

|                                          |             |              |        |
|------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|
| Maximum available in Mfls (IF AVAILABLE) | 2 1/8 seers | 1 9/16 seers | 1 seer |
|------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|

|                                            |             |              |        |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|
| Maximum available in Barley (IF AVAILABLE) | 2 1/8 seers | 1 9/16 seers | 1 seer |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|

\* One Bombay seer of wheat is equivalent to 1 1/2 lbs. or 34 ozs of wheatflour.

One seer of wheat ration is equivalent to one unit of Bread and one unit of Bread is equivalent to 36 ozs of Bread.

Bread Tickets can be obtained within the permissible quantity of wheat ration at the rate of one Bread Unit per seer of wheat ration.

Please note that Bread tickets are valid for the week marked on the ticket and the following week only.

PLEASE NOTE THAT

# The Bombay Chronicle

True statesmanship is the art of changing a nation from what it is into what it ought to be.

—W. R. ALGER

## "THE MESSAGE"

The first resolution, which the Subjects Committee of the Congress passed on Thursday for submission to the plenary session, is significantly and fittingly entitled "The Message". It embodies the message which Mahatma Gandhi gave to India—the message which India has willingly accepted, the message by following which India has won its freedom and through continued adherence to which she will become an exemplar to the rest of the world. The resolution describes how, during its long history of struggle for freedom, carried on from generation to generation, the Congress experienced both sorrow and fulfillment, and many triumphs and defeats, but how, under the super leadership of Mahatma Gandhi, sorrow was made to chasten and purify the people and every defeat was turned into an incentive for redoubled effort and a prelude to victory. Unfortunately, however, in the very hour of its triumph, when it had won its freedom, the Congress seemed to have faltered and lost its hold on the people with the result that "madness descended upon the people and all the great ideals for which the Congress stood seemed to be forgotten, and then came the greatest blow of all, the assassination of him who was the embodiment of love and the gentle and unconquerable will of India.

The resolution which the Subjects Committee has passed pays the homage of the Congress to Gandhiji and to his great message and resolves to restore to the service of the people of India and humanity in the light of that life giving message. What is the substance of that message? It is, first, that political freedom, which has been won through non-violence, must be regarded only as a means for the attainment of social and economic freedom so that progress and equal opportunity may come to all the people of India without any distinction of race and religion and second, that at all costs and in all circumstances, there must be, as the resolution of the Subjects Committee says, adherence to the moral values which give meaning to life. And how is this message to be fulfilled? The task requires, to use the language of the resolution, a new and positive approach and a dedication to the service of the motherland in a constructive spirit. Are the Congressmen, through thick and thin followed the Mahatma loyally as well as the new generation, that is now rising, adequately prepared for this approach and this dedication? Or, is it true, as Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel said, that the people have changed and the enthusiasm and ardour for service appear to have been dimmed, that while, in bondage they had all stood together and worked together now, everyone thinks that with

freedom won, his only task is to cash in on the sacrifice made by him and the welfare of the country is nobody's look-out?

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was right when he said that the time was now for Congressmen to turn the searchlight inwards. He said: "I am not afraid of Pakistan or any external enemy. The enemy is within. It is our weaknesses that I dread most. I do not ever care what people outside the Congress are doing. But I care more about what Congressmen themselves are doing. If things go on in this fashion the Congress will break and disintegrate and if the Congress fails, the country fails; for, as far as I can see, there is none to take the place of the Congress." This is very blunt and harsh plain-speaking but it is necessary for the healthy and proper growth of the Congress as an organization which claims to represent the Nation. If Congressmen wish to justify this claim, they must beatify themselves and put their own house in order. And it is necessary in the interest of the country that they should do so immediately because it is true that if the Congress falls or fails, there is, at the present moment, no organized body which can adequately or satisfactorily replace it. When Pandit Jawaharlal said that he did not care what people outside the Congress were doing he did not suggest that, as Prime Minister of India, he was not interested in their activities. What he really meant was that if Congressmen in their actions, remained true to the principles and ideals for which the Congress stood, no danger from the activities of others would be too great for the State to face. It was the weakness of Congressmen which weakened the State and obstructed it in its efforts to deal effectively with the various and sundry reactionary forces. The R.S.S. represented one of the most dangerous of these forces. It has won over the loyalty of a few young men who, as Pandit Jawaharlal says, have been misled by the R.S.S. It was narrow-mindedness of the type preached by the R.S.S. which, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru reminded these young men, had brought about the decline of India in the past. The Congress, under Gandhiji's leadership, has shown the right path to India—the path leading to a Secular State pledged to establish economic as well as political democracy. So long as Congressmen loyally and honestly adhere to that path nothing can stand between the country and its onward march to progress and prosperity and a proud and honourable place among the nations of the world.

## India's Foreign Policy

The Resolution before the Congress on Foreign Policy is, as Pandit Jawaharlal remarked in the deliberations in Committee, in keeping with the past resolutions of the Congress and with the policy of the Government of India during the past two years. Full support to the United Nations, championing of the cause of the oppressed and colonial peoples of Asia and Africa, and readjustment of India's relations with the United Kingdom and the British Commonwealth were broadly the principles stressed by speakers on the resolution—both for and against. As was to be expected there was a certain measure of opposition or, more correctly, objection to the suggestion that India's relations with the British Commonwealth should be continued in a changed form to suit her new status as an independent sovereign Republic. But even here, it is significant that the objection was not so much against the connection with Britain as against maintaining relations with units of the Commonwealth which denied Indians an equal and honourable status—like South Africa and Australia. There is, for that matter no Indian who does not regard the discrimination practised in parts of Commonwealth—not only against Indians but against all non-white races—as a degrading and humiliating authority of the Commonwealth. To that extent the more liberal units are internationally pulled back by the reactionary nations. But at the same time there are liberal units and there is an id progressive element in all the Commonwealth which need strengthening. And circumstances, and the part played by our Prime Minister at the London Conference have made India a pivotal force for the liberal units. Nature could not touch on this aspect without

turning the light on his part in winning India the central position. But pointed out that India "was at liberty to sever these links the moment she felt that they were not to her advantage; but to do so would mean the loss of the possibility of such a relation as was proposed, would amount to total want of self-confidence." In plain language, there was an opportunity to form the Commonwealth and to share in the benefits of India not taking it would amount to evading a responsibility. The argument applies with equal, even greater, force to the United Nations which is yet in its infancy.

By the resolution, the Congress reaffirms its first aim against imperialism and Colonialism. The affirmation of the ideal of world peace, of the freedom of all nations and of racial equality is the general principle of which the unrelenting war against colonialism is the particular application. The resolution is only an extension of the old struggle which the Congress waged to win its freedom and to secure its independence. It is against this that the Congress attitude to foreign possessions in India must be seen. Pandit Jawaharlal observed that there can be no permanent and enduring delays until the colonies are freed. But the establishment of a free and democratic Government in India necessitates that the issues be settled on governmental and precise action. For the people of the foreign possessions, of course, the position was very different.

## TETE TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

**JERUSALEM, Dec. 17 (Reuters)** Peace talks have been held here between a representative of King Abdullah of Transjordan and an official of the Israeli Foreign Office, a usually reliable source reported early today.

Khwaja Nazimuddin, the Pak G. G., urges the two Dominions that they should not be "frittering away" their resources on senseless strife.

Good. For a beginning Sir Mahomed Zafrullah should be urged, sorry, begged not to try to fritter away his and also the Security Council's energies and mental resources on more or less ditto ditto.

A Lucknow message makes Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant say that the R.S.S. satyagraha is "ill advised" and in the context of the crisis through which India is passing, "ill-timed."

Ought to have been launched later? India's High Commissioner in Ceylon, Mr. V. V. Giri, has expressed the hope that even at this stage the Prime Minister of Ceylon would propose legislation abolishing the legitimate claims of Indian settlers in the island and fostering goodwill and understanding between India and Ceylon.

The Prime Minister of Ceylon will, however, start first as a rock on the question of Indian settlers; in fact, as firm as a rock as any Soviet delegate to the Security Council, on the question, for instance, of Ceylon's admission.

According to Jawaharlal, British had shed her imperialism and even though she had colonies where she was practicing colonialism, today she was not an imperialist country.

If this was intended as a helpful hint to British, we agree.

The Indonesian Republican Government has called for arbitration as the only peaceful means for solving the three-year old Dutch Republican dispute—Batavia Report.

The trouble is that it has increased further the embitterment of the Security Council by recalling that the Council itself had proposed this course in its resolution of August 1, 1947.

According to an Indian Army observer, the Frontier Pathans' atrocious behaviour towards the people in the Mendhar area was mainly responsible for the rift between the "Azad Kashmir" and the local Muslims.

Not Frontier Pathans, brother; but Abdul Qayyum's tribesmen. There's a word of difference.

The question of the Italian colonies postponed at the present U. N. Session is expected to come up at the second half of the session in April at Lake Success.

There too, Power Politics expects every Big Power to do its respective duty.

**"UNFAITHFUL" FATHER SHOT DOWN BY SON**

**NEW YORK:—(UPI)** David Halderson, 16, a Kansas city boy shot dead his father, his rich father because he was "unfaithful to my invalid mother."

In a cell David told the "My father tormented the family for years."

**NEW DELHI, Dec. 16 (UPI):** The security of Rs. 5,000 of the "Pratap" an Urdu Daily of New Delhi has been forfeited by an order of the local Government and a fresh security of a similar amount has been demanded from the paper.

**King Abdullah's Betrayal**

Denouncing the other day the move of the so-called Palestine Arab Congress at Jericho, Arab League and Palestine Arab leaders pointed out that it would mean the recognition of the partition of Palestine into Arab and Jewish States. This warning was not heeded by King Abdullah. He and his supporters have gone ahead with acceptance of the Jericho offer, which every day increasingly makes quite clear, was inspired by or on behalf of King Abdullah himself. Says a Reuters message dated Jerusalem, December 17: "Peace talks have been held here between a representative of King Abdullah of Transjordan and an official of the Israeli Foreign Office, a usually reliable source reported early today." This means that King Abdullah has in principle accepted partition of Palestine and recognized the Government and State of Israel. This is a sell-out of the Arab cause for the price of half a Palestine. King Abdullah's betrayal will considerably strengthen the position of U. N. recognition of Israel. Thus, thanks to the anti-Arab greed of an eminent Arab, the dismemberment of an Arab country and the establishment of a non-Arab Jewish state will presently become a settled fact.

## City Corporation: Week By Week

BY "CITIZEN"

The unsatisfactory manner in which the problem of primary education is being tackled in the premier city of the Indian Union, was discussed at some length in this column hardly two months back, quoting information culled from official sources it was pointed out that in this city it is the Muslims who take advantage of the Urdu Schools. Their population is less than 10 per cent in the city, but their share among the non-attending children is full per cent. A sad commentary on their educational backwardness and a proof that they are among the worst sufferers.

### END THE MOCKERY OF EDUCATION

When this information came up before the Schools Committee, at its meeting this week in the form of a report from the Special Attendance Officer, Principal M. V. Dondre drew pointed attention to the appalling state of affairs and pressed that the matter should not be merely recorded in a formal manner. At his suggestion which was seconded by one Socialist colleague on the Committee, it was agreed that the matter should be referred to a Sub-Committee of the whole Schools Committee. The sponsor of this view wanted the Schools Committee to apply its mind to this problem and to chalk out a plan to see that every child of school-going age in the city is brought to a school. It should not be difficult to chalk out such a plan if the Committee really applies its mind to the problem with the seriousness it deserves. The excuse of lack of funds can no more be put forward as the Standing Committee has sanctioned the amount of Rs. 1,75,000 for the Schools Committee had asked and since, as a result of the recommendations of the Shroff Committee, the Corporation is to get at least 11 lakhs of rupees for primary education; if the Committee prepares a scheme which may involve larger expenditure it should not be difficult to ask and secure more funds from the Municipality for this specific purpose. What is needed is a resolve on the part of the both the Schools Committee and the Corporation to see that what is hit the nail on the head and when it is observed that it is obvious that the Committee has taken upon itself routine work involving patronage instead of confining its attention to the important problems of policy or of administrative improvement in the city. The Committee further observed that "unless the composition, functions and powers of the Schools Committee are overhauled with a view to make it a small, self-sufficient body, interested in improving primary education in the city, and unless adequate control on its budget is introduced, it would not be able to discharge its duties and may lead to waste."

### IS IT COMPULSORY EDUCATION?

Last time when a count of such children was taken in October 1947 the number was 15,654, out of these 3,925 children were brought to schools and 11,689 were left to litter about the streets. These arrangements could not be made to bring them to schools on account of lack of funds. This time when the account was taken once again in October last, the number was found to be 24,476, a rise of almost 50 per cent in a single year. Out of these unfortunate children who were being denied the light of learning 5,128 that is less than one-fourth were brought to schools and as many as 17,350 were allowed to remain unlettered and to swell the ranks of illiterates in the city. May be the idea is to provide for the illiterate adult population in the city which the Municipal Education Committee in the city which observed that literacy week recently. That Committee may rest assured that with the present municipal administration the primary education stage will never be reached when there will be no need of the work that is being done now for the liquidation of illiteracy. The Adult Education Committee may go on making the illiterate adult population of the Municipality will see to it that every year there is a continuous flow of fresh recruits who will need the help and attention of that Committee. A strange phenomenon indeed!

### PAINFUL FACTS

A more detailed analysis of the figures quoted above bring facts to light which are more painful. Almost two-thirds of these non-attending children come from the north of the city, the E. P. and G. Ward, which are mostly populated by the working classes. Then more than half of that number is of girls who as a matter of fact, need greater attention in view of the fact that female education has been almost neglected in our country. Linguistics and palm goes to those who should be in Marathi schools, their number being 10,123 that is, 60 per cent of the

total. Those who should have been in Urdu Schools number 4,108 which means nearly 25 per cent of the total. In this city it is the Muslims who take advantage of the Urdu Schools. Their population is less than 10 per cent in the city, but their share among the non-attending children is full per cent. A sad commentary on their educational backwardness and a proof that they are among the worst sufferers.

When this information came up before the Schools Committee, at its meeting this week in the form of a report from the Special Attendance Officer, Principal M. V. Dondre drew pointed attention to the appalling state of affairs and pressed that the matter should not be merely recorded in a formal manner. At his suggestion which was seconded by one Socialist colleague on the Committee, it was agreed that the matter should be referred to a Sub-Committee of the whole Schools Committee. The sponsor of this view wanted the Schools Committee to apply its mind to this problem and to chalk out a plan to see that every child of school-going age in the city is brought to a school. It should not be difficult to chalk out such a plan if the Committee really applies its mind to the problem with the seriousness it deserves. The excuse of lack of funds can no more be put forward as the Standing Committee has sanctioned the amount of Rs. 1,75,000 for the Schools Committee had asked and since, as a result of the recommendations of the Shroff Committee, the Corporation is to get at least 11 lakhs of rupees for primary education; if the Committee prepares a scheme which may involve larger expenditure it should not be difficult to ask and secure more funds from the Municipality for this specific purpose. What is needed is a resolve on the part of the both the Schools Committee and the Corporation to see that what is hit the nail on the head and when it is observed that it is obvious that the Committee has taken upon itself routine work involving patronage instead of confining its attention to the important problems of policy or of administrative improvement in the city. The Committee further observed that "unless the composition, functions and powers of the Schools Committee are overhauled with a view to make it a small, self-sufficient body, interested in improving primary education in the city, and unless adequate control on its budget is introduced, it would not be able to discharge its duties and may lead to waste."

The recommendation made by that Committee in this respect are based on these findings and whatever views may be held about other parts of that report, so far as the recommendations regarding this subject are concerned (Continued on Page 9.)

## FRANKLY SPEAKING

### Respond Generously

The recent cyclone has done more damage than was feared. The Government of Bombay has taken prompt measures of relief. But this is a work which should not and cannot be done by the Government alone. The public must supplement Government's efforts which, after all, in the nature of things, must be limited in scope. Government has already sanctioned loans for the relief of the affected areas and has issued orders for the grant of loans and the remission of land revenue in deserving cases. The damage caused is, however, very great and the public must co-operate to repair the damage as far as possible. It can do so by responding immediately to the Governor's appeal and generously contributing to the Fund started by him.

### King Abdullah's Betrayal

Denouncing the other day the move of the so-called Palestine Arab Congress at Jericho, Arab League and Palestine Arab leaders pointed out that it would mean the recognition of the partition of Palestine into Arab and Jewish States. This warning was not heeded by King Abdullah. He and his supporters have gone ahead with acceptance of the Jericho offer, which every day increasingly makes quite clear, was inspired by or on behalf of King Abdullah himself. Says a Reuters message dated Jerusalem, December 17: "Peace talks have been held here between a representative of King Abdullah of Transjordan and an official of the Israeli Foreign Office, a usually reliable source reported early today." This means that King Abdullah has in principle accepted partition of Palestine and recognized the Government and State of Israel. This is a sell-out of the Arab cause for the price of half a Palestine. King Abdullah's betrayal will considerably strengthen the position of U. N. recognition of Israel. Thus, thanks to the anti-Arab greed of an eminent Arab, the dismemberment of an Arab country and the establishment of a non-Arab Jewish state will presently become a settled fact.

King Abdullah thinks he can create a wormhole Kingdom which his father failed to do. He has created a name but reduce it further to mud.

### Out For War

As the British Socialist weekly, the "New Statesman and Nation" says, the Dutch by their decision to end negotiations with the Indonesian Republic, have "played into Stalin's hands" and have "used the United Nations Good Offices Commission as a facade, while they prepared the destruction of the Republic." This truth about Dutch strategy and ultimate design has been proved abundantly. That is why the Good Offices Commission itself has had to criticise Dutch policy and conduct in its last report to the Security Council. The Dutch, now that they have built up their military strength and created political stores, are out to reconquer Indonesia. They would force a war in order to destroy the Republic. The temptation to re-establish an expelled and humiliated Dutch imperialism is so strong that they would rather "play into Stalin's hands." If they force a struggle they would start a fire, which will not destroy the spirit of Indonesian freedom but will eventually burn the Dutch.

### Time For U. N. Action

But so far as their own suicide is concerned it would be the affair of the Dutch themselves and it is not for the fact that it involves other and more portentous issues. There is a challenge to peace-loving nations to take sides with the United Nations in South East Asia—and to the United Nations. As another British weekly, the "Tribune" says, "if fighting breaks out again between the Dutch and the Indonesians the responsibility will be almost exclusively that of the Dutch Government." The United Nations cannot avoid facing facts, especially because of the eminently peaceful attitude of the Republic, an attitude which the U. N. and its Security Council have got to acknowledge completely. For, the Indonesian Republican Government has, through the Premier, Dr. Hatta, officially called for arbitra-

tion as the only peaceful means of solving the dispute between the Dutch and the Republic. This is not just a reasonable offer. It is, in fact, what the Security Council itself advised in its resolution of August 1, 1947. It is now for the Security Council to face the Dutch challenge to peace, democracy and its own authority.

### Governor-General's Salary

The amendment moved by Dr. Chhotram Gidwani to the resolution entitled "The Message" in the Subjects Committee of the Congress was ill-advised as it was unfortunate. However, it served the purpose of securing the disclosure of true facts about the Governor-General's salary and the use of the Government House, of giving the quietus to ill-informed and mischievous propaganda on the subject. Dr. Chhotram suggested that to make a beginning in the effort to establish a classless society and to create the necessary psychological atmosphere, the present salary of the Governor-General be reduced and his vast residential building converted into a refuge camp for women and children or a hospital. As Pandit Jawaharlal disclosed in his speech, though the Governor-General's salary was Rs. 20,000, he had to pay as much as Rs. 13,000 by way of income tax and super tax. That reduced his salary to Rs. 7,000, not a large amount considering his status and the obligations he has to maintain it. However, the Cabinet has decided to fix his salary at Rs. 5,000 free of income tax. As regards the Government House, it was not merely a private residence of the Governor-General, but also an official building of the Government requisitioned for use by the latter for various purposes of its own. As regards the use made of it for such purposes, including the entertaining of various high-ranking and distinguished guests and delegations from other countries, as well as a private residence of the Governor-General, the amount spent for the upkeep is certainly not too large for India's purse and it is certainly necessary for her prestige and status among the nations of the world.

## OUR READERS' VIEWS

### Medical College Fees

Sir—According to Dr. Gilder (as reported in one newspaper, the Government spends per medical student a sum of Rs. 750 out of which Rs. 350 are going to be recovered from the student. This amounts to recovering from the student about 47 per cent of the expenditure incurred by the Government on the medical education in the province. I will like to point out that in a rich country like the United States of America only 20 per cent of the expense are defrayed by the student. Certainly, the capacity of the student to pay, is more in a country like U.S.A. where the average income per head is far more than in this poor country. In view of these facts, it would be realised that the increase in medical fees is exorbitant, and will enable others to understand why medical students in the province are not paying their fees, and agitating for lowing the scale of fees, in force from this term. Yours, etc.,

B. G. LOKARE.

### Whose Convenience

Sir—The Linguistic Commission's report says there should not be redistribution of provinces on linguistic basis but for administrative convenience. The British did that and Congress waged a campaign for linguistic provinces. Now the Dar Committee to divide India is agitating for "convenience"? If it is for the convenience of the people of the areas concerned, they certainly would like to be in their own mother-tongue. The British were foreigners. Their convenience was the administrators' convenience. In spite of the dawn of independence the masses of the areas concerned left at the mercy of the administrators' 'convenience' even to-day?—Yours, etc.,

B. G. LOKARE.

### Remedy For Economic Malady

Sir—The recent statement of Sir H. P. Mody is most revealing. He states in a nut shell that if practical measures are taken by our Government to restore the confidence of the investing public, the latter would beneficially respond. Secondly that the Government should call a halt to the continual scaling up of wage levels in order to combat the inflationary tendency.

In other words Sir H. P. Mody believes that by reducing wages, the profits of the industrialist will increase and this in turn will attract the investing public. It is not so simple. The profits earned by the industrialist are nothing more nor less than the surplus value created by the workers themselves. The increase in wages demanded by the workers is nothing more nor less than what is legitimately due to them.

The high prices literally crush the middle class, leave alone the poor. The Government must take control upon the industrialist and check the fabulous profits and secondly must eliminate blackmarketing and this will in turn restore the confidence of the masses in the Government. The workers would then proceed to work and inflation would further in combating the so called "investing public"—Yours, etc.,

R. S. POORHANAWALA.

Buena Vista, We'll Dec. 14.

### A. I. R. Must Function As Inter-Provincial Cultural Exchange

Sir—In his recent address to the International Broadcasters Conference A.I.R.'s Director-General Mr. N. A. S. Gokhale has stressed over the past few years the importance of his department in promoting inter-provincial appreciation of India's various cultural forms and said that the next step for his department was to promote good relations between India and foreign nations for which he proposed to start broadcasts in French. But the way in which the various stations of A.I.R. have been functioning, he claims made by the Director-General.

The progress broadcastings has made in India, though through the eyes of the officials of the Information and Broadcasting Ministry may seem to be a success, it is not so when compared with the progress made in this direction. The radio,

great strides other countries have taken in this direction and some pilot (low power medium wave) stations have been opened at Raipur, Cuttack, Shillong, Gauhati, Nagpur, Jullundur and Vijayawada which with other stations existing since 1928 when broadcasting was first inaugurated by a commercial enterprise, makes the total number of stations to just a dozen, quite a small number considering the vast population of India.

Where the Government have totally failed in broadcasting expansion is in reaching the largest number of listeners possible and making the programmes as widely acceptable as possible. The high import duty of stations is levying on radio sets raises their cost to such an extent that the radio becomes almost an article of luxury, within the reach of the well-to-do only. The high import duty on the medium wave transmission in their development programmes they have not taken steps to encourage the sale of medium wave sets in large numbers. The schemes that are in the offing for the manufacture of wireless valves and other radio components in the country will take some time to come to fruition and it is the duty of the Government in the interim to make the imported sets cheaper by either lifting the duty or decreasing it so that more people can instal sets in their homes.

On the general complaint about A.I.R. is that the programmes are not planned to cater to the tastes of the entire clientele; though the Information and Broadcasting Minister Sardar Patel doesn't share this view. In fact, any individuals will in programme matters, this is what is happening in most of the stations, as a direct outcome of which the programmes lack in variety. Often it also leads to the total deletion of certain cultural preferences. To cite just an example, a large body of the listeners of Bombay region have been demanding for the past three years that programmes should strive to broadcast some programmes in Karnatik music also and to this day it has remained unheeded. It is no wonder that this large section of listeners develop an antipathy to Bombay station and even other programmes of the Station they view with a prejudiced mind. If only the station authorities had been a little more broad-minded for the consumption of the programmes, the consequences in attitude they would have been able to increase to an immense extent the appeal of Bombay's broadcasts. Though technical limitations make it quite a task to accommodate the wishes of all listeners turning a deaf ear to a large section of listeners antagonises them against the station, a thing least desirable for the progress of broadcasting. All-India Radio can and its function as an Inter-Provincial Cultural Exchange, a pious wish expressed as an achievement by the A.I.R. Chief; but this is possible only if the officers of Broadcasting are not so prejudiced and fanatics, above sectarianism and prejudices, prompted by a mere desire to serve as large a body of listeners as possible. No doubt stations like Madras and Karachi and Cuttack are notable exceptions in this respect, striving as they do to present a wide variety of Indian cultural forms, but what is needed is that all stations must function in the same way. If the attention of the Broadcasting authorities could be drawn to these aspects, the purpose of this article would have been achieved.—Yours, etc.,

RADIO-PREM.

Dec. 14.

### 14,50,000 REFUGEES HOUSED SO FAR

**NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.** Latest figures available in the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation, Government of India, indicate that roughly 14,50,000 refugees have so far been housed in evacuee houses and in other existing accommodations. The Government of India have, in addition, sanctioned or will shortly accord their sanction to housing schemes in Provinces and States for another 7,50,000 urban refugees.

**RAJKOT:** Preliminaries are being settled at Amreli for starting a big industrial concern at Amreli on a co-operative basis with a view to utilising surplus rural labour and providing employment for the village blacksmiths, carpenters and other artisans.



**TALGAON**  
The stouter members of the bird world are the Scavenger birds and the birds of prey, vultures and kites, hawks and harriers, and even, to a lesser extent, the owl, which does its hunting by night. While the vulture is a scavenger, pure and simple, and lives only on carrion, the kites, on occasion, prey on chickens, lizards or frogs to supplement the food they gain by scavenging. Harriers and hawks on the other hand, depend entirely for their subsistence on the living creatures which they catch, varying from small birds and mice and lizards to insects such as grasshoppers and beetles. It is difficult to distinguish these hawks from each other when we see them flying rapidly overhead. Pale Harrier, Montagu's Harrier and Shikra are all much alike, the males being ashy grey with barred underparts and the females and young birds having more brown in their plumage. All are seen in pairs, the male is usually pointed beak, all do their hunting from the air, scanning the ground for the slightest movement as they

fly and diving down suddenly to snatch up their unsuspecting victim.

D. R.

## West Indies Score At Fast Pace

### ALL BATSMEN FARE WELL AGAINST LIMITED ATTACK

BOMBAY, Friday. Resuming their overnight innings with the total of 127 for the loss of Carey, the West Indies scored 139 runs for the loss of eight more batsmen before stumps were drawn for the day some ten minutes before the scheduled time. Trim, the last man did not bat.

Most of the visiting side's batsmen made gifts of their wickets in search of runs. Walcott, the man who might have been expected to play the fastest innings of his side, however, played safely as the total had already reached the 500 mark as he stepped out to bat, and when finally he decided to accede to the yelling of the crowd who demanded a more aggressive attack by an ordinary ball from Rangnagar.

Neville Cardus once termed Vijay Merchant as "Indias good Englishman". In the present West Indian touring side, Ken Richards becomes the best Englishman. His technique and the ease and fluent effortless with which he makes his strokes, must make him, with Christy, the most attractive stroke-player of the side. Richards's cover-drive is a stroke of considerable velocity. Like the other West Indians he is also essentially a back-foot player, but anything overpitched is driven firmly on the left-foot with perfect timing. He was very unfortunate to miss his century for the second time in succession. His 99 at Poona on 18 at Bombay recall the cruel pranks of Fate which dismissed him with a consecutive Test innings.

Rae's was another solid effort. He made his straight drives with plenty of vigour and mixed with occasional extra-cover or on-drive with it. He scored 98 runs during the pre-lunch period and might easily have got the other two as well had he not unfortunately given Richards the strike during the last few minutes of the first session. The left-hander was dismissed in the very first over after lunch when he edged a ball from Rangnagar straight to Mantri behind the wicket. He was aided by two chances late in his innings when he was flinging his bat at most things.

Another left-hander stepped into the breach created by the dismissal of Rae on the local captain knew no respect in the matter of left-handers. McWatt got his first fifty in this country and batted quite convincingly. Atkinson showed some brilliant books until the missed one completely and was bowled. He put tremendous power behind his strokes and scored a number of fours.

Cameron had another sparkling knock: it was the crease and like the other batsmen scored at a pick pace.

**NARESH KUMAR ENTERS BENGAL TENNIS FINALS**

CALCUTTA, Dec. 17 (UPI)—Nares Kumar entered the final of the Men's Singles in the Bengal Lawn Tennis Championships today by defeating K. B. Madan, one of India's Davis Cup reserves, by 6-1, 4-6, 6-1, 7-6.

This is the first time Nares Kumar entered the final of this Tournament. Sumant Misra, India's No. one, is likely to be his opponent, reaching the final from the other end of the draw.

In the Ladies Singles, Mrs. K. Singh entered the final. The route to the final was 6-1, 6-4. The other finalist is Miss F. Khanna, who beat Miss L. Woodbridge 6-2, 6-3.

In the other matches in the Men's Singles today K. Mahindra Singh beat O. Vasant 7-5, 6-2. S. C. Misra beat J. Whinnell 6-2, 6-0.

**100 KILOMETRES CYCLE RACE**

**Time-Trial Event To Be Held Tomorrow**

BOMBAY, Saturday. The Swastik Cycling Club will organize a 100 Km. Time Trial Cycle Race on Sunday the 19th December 1948 commencing at 6.45 a.m. from Kumbh's Gate. The route to be followed will be along Gwalior Tank Road, W. C. Road, Bessant Cany, Hornby Vellard, Annie Besant Road, Cadell Road, Old Parbhavadi Road, Portuguese Church Street, Gokhale Road, North, Lady Jassodji Road, Thane Bridge, Vincent Road, Sion, Bombay Aga Road, Thane, Kashi Bridge, Upto furlong stone 32/5 when it is at the junction of Bombay Aga Road and road to Kalyan from Bhivandi. Return along the same route & finish at the Gate of Gwalior Palace or Hornby Vellard. Entries of following prominent cyclists have been received: Messrs R. Mottahay, K. Printer, Bob Damari, H. J. Pavri, D. B. Guard, O. Wilson, A. Menezes, R. P. Elavia and J. Abreo.

**HOKEY**

Association Games

3-00 p.m. Goa S. C. vs Youm Comrades (First Division)

4-10 p.m. Doyard "A" vs Young Sports "A" (Senior Division)

5-10 p.m. Bombay City "A" vs Lusitaniens "A" (Women's Hockey)

St. Xavier's Ground, Parol

3 p.m. Antonio D'Souza H. S. vs St. Stanislaus H. S.

9 p.m. Aldons Union vs Vovallie (Goan Interscholar Tournament)

5 p.m. Coorg S. C. vs Blue Wizards (AMCO/CLC/DAV) 2 1/2 P. 04 1

## TENNIS IN BOMBAY TO BE DELAYED?

**Parsee Gym's Request To Postpone Tournament**

BOMBAY, Friday. There is every likelihood that the start of the open competitive tennis season in Bombay may be delayed by about a fortnight. The authorities of the Parsee Gymkhana—who were to usher in the tennis season in the city by holding an Open Tournament from the 25th instance have, it is reliably understood, requested the Provincial Tennis Association to give them fresh dates for their tournament, preferably at the end of the season. The present dates are said to be unsuitable to them for organising an open tournament.

## BARODA 203 FOR 9 AGAINST GUJARAT

**Gul Mohamed Not Out 67 In Ranji Trophy**

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 17 (UPI)—The Ranji Trophy Match between Gujarat and Baroda started an hour and a quarter late on account of wet wicket, on the Gujarat College ground today. Winning the toss, Gujarat skipper J. Shodhan, elected to bat, and Shodhan and Nimbalkar opened the innings of Baroda. Shodhan, who opened the attack from the College end, bowled Sohoni off his very first ball which was in Adhikari (6-1-0). This brought in Adhikari who offered a chance off the fourth ball of that over when he was zero.

Shodhan, brought Jasu from the Surenra Club end, after allowing Angalia and M. Bhavs to bowl two overs which proved expensive. At thirty-seven Shodhan brought Dipak from the College end and off him Adhikari offered another chance at fine leg, his individual score then being seventeen and the total fortyone for one.

Fifty were hoisted on the board after forty minutes play, but soon Baroda received another shock, when Nimbalkar's stumps were completely scattered by Jasu Patel. Nimbalkar, dismissed on an off-break (59-2-22). Lunch was taken at this total.

The third wicket fell at ninetytwo when Hazare was run out as the result of a brilliant throw in by Walter. Adhikari left at 111, caught behind the wicket off Walter and same bowler captured next wicket, that of the Yuvraja of Baroda, who was caught by Shodhan at short fine leg. (127-6).

Three more wickets fell by tea time when the total was 151 for eight. After tea, Gul Mohamed and Vichare batted with much freedom sending at 200 in 210 minutes. Just as he was appearing to be well set, Vichare was caught by Walter off Dipak (201-9-21). When the stumps were drawn for the day, Baroda's total was 203 for nine.

The following are the scores: **BARODA**—(1st Innings): Sohoni b Shodhan 0, Adhikari b Jasu Patel 22, Hazare run out 16, Gul Mohamed batting 67, Yuvraja of Baroda b Shodhan b 4, Chorpasp b Shodhan b Jasu Patel 1, Shodhan b Jasu Patel 1, Amir Elahi b Walter 1, Vichare b Walter b D. Shodhan 21, Vivek Hazare batting 0, Extras 27.

**Total (for 9 wickets):** 203. **FALL OF WICKETS:** 1/72, 2/365, 3/392, 4/411, 5/412, 6/412, 7/412, 8/511, 9/511. **BOWLING ANALYSIS:** J. H. Shodhan 10/2/3/1, Angali 4/1/0/0, Bhat 9/1/26/0, Dipak Shodhan 15/2/29/1, Jasu Patel 10/4/46/3, Walter D'Souza 12/2/3/1.

## England Starts Well In Test

**Score 144 For 2 Before Storm Stops Play**

DURBAN, Dec. 17. (Reuters): England were only 17 runs ahead of South Africa last night when the South African batsmen were out of the field. The South African batsmen were out of the field at 144 for two in the first test here.

A storm broke over the ground before the start of the second day. The rain was so heavy that the match was suspended at 144 for two in the first test here.

Both bowled on top of their form, helped a good deal by the pitch. Mann got both Washbrook, caught behind the wicket and Simpson, caught at forward short leg, and his fifteen overs conceded only thirteen runs.

He and Athol Rowan had Denis Compton making streaky strokes and even Hutton who continued to face the attack confidently found difficulty in making scoring runs.

Torrential rain, which brought about the early close of play, had flooded many parts of the ground within an hour.

The following are the scores:—

**SOUTH AFRICA (1st Innings)** 161. **England (1st Innings)** 81. L. Hutton batting 51, C. Washbrook c Wade b Mann 35, R. Simpson c Begbie b Mann 5, D. Compton batting 17, Extras (2 byes, 4 leg byes) 6. **Total (for 2 wickets)** 144. **FALL OF WICKETS:** 1/84, 2/104. **BOWLING ANALYSIS:** McCarty 8.2 1 20 0, Dawson 3 0 16 0, Tuckett 6 0 35 0, Athol Rowan 21 3 53 0, Mann 15 7 13 2.

**Test players W. A. Brown and Colin McCool made 40 and 67 respectively.**

## BOMBAY SCHOOLS ATHLETIC CHAMPIONS



N. Gittings of the St. Mary's High School (left) and Anthony Furiado of the St. Sebastian's High School (right), who won the Seniors and the Intermediate individual championships at the Bombay High School Athletics held at the Cooperage on Thursday.

## MAHARASHTRA PUTS UP A MAMMOTH TOTAL OF 587 RUNS FOR TWO WICKETS

**Nimbalkar (301 Not Out) Only 58 Runs Short Of Merchant's Record**

**BHANDARKAR IN RECORD SECOND WICKET STAND OF 455 RUNS**

Scoring at the rate of one and half runs a minute, Maharashtra batsmen today piled up a total for two wickets in reply to the Western India States' first innings score of 283.

K. V. Bhandarkar and B. B. Nimbalkar who came together yesterday at the fall of the first Maharashtra wicket when the total was 51 were concerned in a record second-wicket partnership which yielded 455 runs.

Nimbalkar was aggressive and remained unbeaten at the end of the day with 301 to his credit. He is now 58 runs short of V. M. Merchant's individual Ranji Trophy record of 359 established in 1945 when playing against Maharashtra. Nimbalkar gave a stamping chance when he had made 150.

Bhandarkar obtained 205 runs in a stay just short of six hours and during that period he gave only one chance in the slips when his total was 171.

K. V. Bhandarkar and B. B. Nimbalkar continued this morning Maharashtra's first innings at the Cooperage. The total of 132 for one wicket on the second day of the second round of the National Cricket Campship for the Ranji Trophy. Narottam and Jayantilal opened the Western India States attack, and Bhandarkar sent up 100 with two boundaries off Narottam. He reached his own seventy by glancing a boundary for a four.

Runs came in freely with both Bhandarkar and Nimbalkar playing quite comfortably. Nimbalkar scored mostly in singles and twos, as he reached his fifty in eighty minutes by glancing the slow bowler, Chavda, who had replaced Narottam, for a four. Nimbalkar's score included only three nines.

Sixty minutes of play this morning produced sixtyeight runs to take Maharashtra's total to 200 after the innings had lasted 155 minutes. Bhandarkar was then 82 and Nimbalkar 64.

The new ball was taken and Nimbalkar drove the very first delivery of Narottam, who was now in charge of attack, to a beautiful four. At the other end, Nyalchand was in charge of the new ball, and Bhandarkar got a single in his first over. Nimbalkar sent 200 on the board by scoring two fours off Narottam one a cover drive and the other a pull.

Meanwhile, Bhandarkar, who was playing a quiet and steady game this morning, entered ninety with a single off Nyalchand. A powerful square-cut off Jayantilal took his total to 95 and his side's to 239 after ninety minutes of play this morning.

At the other end, Nimbalkar drove Jayantilal to reach his 92 and then a little later he reached his 100. Nimbalkar hit the first six runs, during which he had his 24 boundaries and was associated with Nimbalkar for a second wicket partnership of 455 runs.

Shared Deodhar joined Nimbalkar in the score at 207. Nimbalkar opened two fours facing Purshotam and then made a back drive which gave him two runs to push the Maharashtra total to 250 in 355 minutes. Narottam returned vice Thakoresahab and Nimbalkar placed him to the outside to get a single and register his 280.

Deodhar scored in singles and took 28 minutes to obtain his 10. Meanwhile, Nimbalkar who was 267, moved up to 285 and a little later a single off Vajubha signalled his individual 290 on board.

Hearty cheers greeted Nimbalkar when with a powerful hit to the leg for a four he registered his unbeaten 301 just before stumps were drawn for the day. Nimbalkar's score included 31 fours hit during his stay of 334 minutes. At the close of play Maharashtra had piled up the big score of 587 for the loss of two wickets.

**SCORE-BOARD**

**W. I. STATES (1ST INNINGS) 283**  
**MAHARASHTRA (1ST INNINGS)**  
M. R. Dege hit wicket b Chavda 47, V. V. Bhandarkar c Vajubha 205, B. Purshotam 205, S. D. Deodhar batting 301, Extras 17 (15 byes, 1 leg-bye, 1 no-ball). **Total (for 2 wickets)** 587.

**FALL OF WICKETS:** 1/81, 2/538. **BOWLING ANALYSIS:**

**O. R. W.**  
Narottam 24 1 116 0  
Jayantilal 17 2 78 0  
Vajubha 31 2 106 0  
Purshotam 11 1 48 1  
Chavda 25 0 94 1  
Nyalchand 22 0 86 2  
Acharya 5 1 24 0  
Thakoresahab of Rajkot 2 0 16 0

## Deepak Mahal And Prince Of Ramgarh Fancied In Chief Events

**By Our Racing Correspondent**

The following are my selections for today's races:—  
**1ST RACE:** CHETNA, DESERT HAWK. **Win** Next Best  
**2ND RACE:** NEOLA, TABASSUM. **Win** Next Best  
**3RD RACE:** GEORGE, FLYING ARROW. **Win** Next Best  
**4TH RACE:** DEEPAK MAHAL, LAXMI VILAS. **Win** Next Best  
**5TH RACE:** TAMASHA, SWEET LOVE. **Win** Next Best  
**6TH RACE:** MAMASALLE, RAJ DOOT. **Win** Next Best  
**7TH RACE:** PRINCE OF RAMGARH, BALAM. **Win** Next Best  
**8TH RACE:** COURAGE, AYAZ. **Win** Next Best  
**9TH RACE:** EMBARKATION, AMAN. **Win** Next Best  
**10TH RACE:** JUSTING PILATE.

## DEEPAK MAHAL MOVES LIKE A WINNER

**By Our Track Reporter**

The following are pick of the sports noted at Mahaluxmi:—  
**OUTSTANDING:** BALAM (Evans), TAKE ON (Kheem) and RIM JHIM (Antoni) were placed in the order mentioned when doing a rousing three furlongs in 35.2 seconds. The first two are likely to give a lot of fighting in the Icar Gold Cup tomorrow.

**PRINCE OF RAMGARH (Chavan)** easily held **DUKE OF RAMGARH (Deshmukh)** when covering three furlongs in 36.1 seconds. Prince was in hand. He is at his best now and is expected to win the Gold Cup.

**CHETNA (Khade)** covered three furlongs in 37.1 seconds. **ROLLA ROYCE (Purtu)** held **MOULIN ROGUE (Khade)** when covering over three furlongs in 37.4 seconds. **CHURCHILL (Aurobinda)** moved in hand when covering three furlongs in 38 seconds.

**HOODED TERROR (Kheem)** moved on tight-reeps when covering three furlongs in 38.5 seconds. **FLYING ARROW (Kheem)** did an impressive three furlongs in 37 seconds. **JANE JIGAR (Kheem)** disposed of **JAWAHIR (Antoni)** when covering four furlongs in 52 seconds.

**RAJ DOOT (R.B.)** was speedier than **DEV DOOT (Mull)** when sent over three furlongs. The trip was made in 35.5 seconds. **DEEPAK MAHAL (Kasbekar)** was not unduly excited when rounding **MARATHA MANDIR** at the end of a spur over three furlongs. Deepak Mahal who has the Club Cup at his mercy clocked 35.4 seconds.

**MAN MANDIR (Kasbekar)** moved freely when covering three furlongs in 38.5 seconds. **MAGNOLIA (Kasbekar)** was in front of **Shah Nawaz (Deshmukh)** when concerned over three furlongs. Time was 36.5 seconds. **COURAGE (Aurobinda)** had the measure of **COEUR D'OR (R.B.)** when negotiating three furlongs in 37.4 seconds.

**GIPSY GEM (Danodhar)** recorded 36 seconds for three furlongs. **RACE GRASS (K. Hassan)** comfortably beat **FOXBRIDGE (R.B.)** when sent over three furlongs. Laxmi Vilas was still in hand and recorded 36 seconds. **NEOLA (Aurobinda)** showed out from **GIRL FRIEND (Purtu)** when covering three furlongs in 38.5 seconds. Neola is likely to run well tomorrow.

**MORTON DAILY (Sumar)** **AYAZ (Kadam)** and **SHIVNERI (Rickaby)** were placed in the order mentioned when doing a speedy three furlongs in 35.1 seconds. **EMBARKATION (Dar)** and **AMAN (Khade)** were about level when concerned in a noteworthy three furlongs spurt. Both in hand they recorded 36 seconds.

**SAVOLD CONFIDENT OF BEATING LOUIS**

**OSLO, Dec. 17 (UPI)—**Lee Savold said today that he was confident of winning against Joe Louis. Manager Bill Daily thought that the match would probably take place in June. Savold hoped for a knock-out victory against Louis, but he said, he hoped he would win even if the match went the full distance.

Savold contacted a woman cousin today and discovered that his family comes from Saggredda, near Khoneberg, famous skiing town.

## The Sportsman's Sportfolio

## Indian Selectors Speculative Changes For Third Test

**By J. C. MAITRA**

The All-India selectors have made three changes in the team which is expected to acquire himself creditably at Calcutta. Another reason which must have impelled the selectors to take him in is his immense popularity in Bengal. I well remember how the crowds at the Eden Gardens all most forced Vijay Merchant and Co. to put him on the list against Lindsay Hassall's Australian team. Mustaq is, however, as impetuous as ever. Age and experience has not curbed his rashness in any way. Nonetheless he will be exceedingly useful as a fielder. We have so few of them who are any good at all.

**BOWLERS OF MERIT**

I hope the Hyderabad brunder, Ghulam Ahmed, will do well, too. As a break bowler of great merit he deserves to succeed. In any case he will be able to carry some of the burden which the force falls on the broad shoulders of Mankad without costing inordinately to his side.

I would have preferred Shute to Sunil Banerjee. The senior pacer still retains plenty of fire in his armoury. His vast experience in addition would have stood him in good stead in the long run. But the younger bowler is said to be highly successful with his off-spinners on the Eden Gardens wickets. And that is the reason why preference has been shown to him. Let us hope he will do full justice to his reputation at the psychological moment.

**MUSHTAQ'S POPULARITY IN CALCUTTA**

The new-comers are Syed Mushtaq Ali, Ghulam Ahmed and S. Banerjee. I believe it is with a view to relieving Vinoo Mankad of the heavy responsibility of opening the innings with K. C. Ibrahim. Mushtaq has been included. As the Indians all-

"The Northern Lights Of Bombay"

## AURORA

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.  
TODAY TO MONDAY  
Boldest Days of Western Banditry  
matched in Murderous Fury!

## "THE VIGILANTES RETURN"

JON HALL, MARGARET LINDSAY  
Also:  
LIFE OF MAHATMA GANDHI  
in Hindi  
"BAPU-KI-AMAR-KAHANI"

Tomorrow morning at 10-30 a.m.

## "SEVENTH VEIL"

TUESDAY TO THURSDAY  
"FRANKENSTEIN"  
E. K. KARLOFF, COLIN CLIVE

## PALACE

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.  
He Gambled His Life for a City of  
Silver.... and tossed it to a Golden-  
Haired Queen!

Errol Flynn & Ann Sheridan

## "SILVER RIVER"

With Thomas Mitchell, Bruce Bennett

Tomorrow morning at 10-30 a.m.

## "BUCK PRIVATES COME HOME"



SILVER FILMS' HIT

## DEVAR

KUMAR, YAKUB, JYOTI  
CROWDED SHOWS NOW AT

3-30, 6-30, 9-30, Mat. Sun. 12-30  
& 5TH WEEK AT

## CAPITOL

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30  
Mat. Sun. 1 P.M.  
& also at DAWLAT

PEOPLE IS THE REAL  
HERO OF THIS

Truly National Film

NEW THEATRES PRESENTS

## ANJANGARH

Direction: BIMOL ROY  
Music: R. C. BORAL

Daily 3-30, 6-30  
and 9-30 p.m.

## EXCELSIOR

2ND WEEK!  
of colour

## HIND-MATA

FAREL

Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30 P.M.  
Matinee: Sat. Sun. 1 P.M.  
ALEXANDER KORDA'S  
Technicolour

## THIEF OF BAGDAD

(in Hindi-Urdu)

SABU

Sunday Morn. 10 A.M.

AFRICA SPEAKS

ZENANA SHOW  
TO-DAY AT 12-30

RANJIT'S

## JAI HANUMAN

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30

Sunday Matinee 12-30.

## MAJESTIC

9th

WEEK

of Success

## Mandir

Director: WINAYAK

SHANTA APTE

(Courtesy S. A. Concern.)

## SWASTIK

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30

Sat. Sun. Mat. at 12-30

## NATIONAL

Daily 1-30, 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

R PRATIBHA Release No. 3

## EDWARD

KALBADEVI  
ROAD.

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

NOW DRAWING CROWDS

## FILMISTAN'S

Musical Comedy

## SHEHNAI

REHANA, INDRAMATI,  
V. H. DESAI

Tomorrow SUN. MORN. at 10 a.m.

THE WAY OF ALL FLESH

Akim Tamiroff

ON THE CREST  
OF POPULARITY!



A.R. KARDAR'S

## MAJESTIC

MUSIC NAUSHAD

19TH COMBINED WEEK

## NOVELTY

Daily: 3-30, 6-30,  
9-30 p.m.

Sun. Hol. Matinee 12-45

## REGAL

P.S.—The main show starts  
immediately!

Daily at 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.

3RD COMMAND WEEK!

J. ARTHUR RANK presents

Sir LAURENCE OLIVIER in

## "HAMLET"

by

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE

Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.

Wilde Collins

"WOMAN IN WHITE"

Morning Shows on Wed. & Thurs.

22nd & 23rd at 10 a.m.

"HAMLET"

## NEPTUNE

Opp. Bandra St. Phone: 89419

Daily 4, 7 & 10 P.M.

Matinee Sunday 1 p.m.

From TODAY! Rajkamal's

## ANDHOKI-DUNIA

MUNAVAR SULTANA, MANMOHAN

# ON THE INDIAN SCREEN



Madhu Bala in "Lal Dupatta"

## "LAL DUPATTA"

2nd Week At Opera House

When producer-director K. B. Lall announced his "Lal Dupatta" and stated that he would give first-rate entertainment, it was not expected that he would spring a surprise on the intelligent section of filmgoers with a theme that reflects the life and struggle around us. When the film flashed on the screen at the Royal Opera House last week in its all-India premiere which was attended by a large crowd of film enthusiasts, it did not occur to the audience till after the interval, that Lall had a purpose behind the production of the film. After the whole film is seen it dawns on one's mind that the film does something more than merely pleasing the eye and the ear.

In fact, "Lal Dupatta" seems to have been made to compress a decade of eventful history of a whole sub-continent like India, and show to the present generation how wise it is to adjust oneself to changing times. The producer's contention according to the story is that times change, and will continue to change as long as the world exists, but despite of the fact that all those who are for the good of humanity adjust themselves to such changes, there are still some who refuse to admit the changes and also ridicule such changes, and it is these individuals that came up in the way of the progress of our society. K. B. Lall, who made "Samrat Ashok", and "Lal Haveli" deserves warm congratulations for his latest creative effort. The stars in "Lal Dupatta" are Madhu Bala, Ranjit Kumari, Ullhas, Sapru, Rajan Haksar and others. The film was directed and produced by K. B. Lall, and the music is by Jnan Dutt.



Ranjit Kumari in "Paroo" at New West End

## "NAZRANA"

A newly started concern, Himalaya Pictures, has been sponsored by Lt. Col. Drona Shumshere Jung Bahadur, Raja of Nepal, with the collaboration of the well known poet, Gopal Singh Nepali. Their maiden picture is entitled "Nazrana", written by Gopal Singh Nepali himself.

Mr. Jagdish Pant, formerly of Sun-rich, is wielding the mike.

The picture is progressing rapidly on the sets.

## WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

CAPITOL AND KRISHNA:

"Devar", starring Jyoti, Kumar, Khurshid (Jr.) Yakub and Yashoda.

SWASTIK AND NATIONAL:

"Mandir", starring Shanta Apte, Shahu Modak, Jaimala, Salvi, Samson, Baby Nanda and Winayak.

EXCELSIOR:

"Anjangarh", starring Sunanda, Ajoy Kumar, Roma Nehru, Rai Mohan, Bipin Gupta and Hiralal.

NOVELTY AND SURYA:

"Dard", starring Suraiya, Munawar, Sultana, Nusrat and Husna Banoo.

OPERA HOUSE AND RIVOLI:

"Lal Dupatta", starring Madhu Bala, Ranjit Kumari, Kesari, Ullhas, Rajan Haksar and Sapru.

MAJESTIC:

"Jai Hanuman", starring P. Kulkas, Keshav Purohit, Nirupama Roy, Babu Raje and Tripathi.

## "ANJANGARH"

4th Week At Excelsior

In "Anjangarh", New Theatres newest picture, which is now in its fourth week at the Excelsior, is offered a healthy, thought-provoking and yet enlightening entertainment. It is also a picture calculated to educate the people and awaken in them a spirit of true nationalism and better understanding of human life.

"Anjangarh" tells a vigorous story of the struggles of the states peoples and their selfless leader, who sacrificed his life for the noble cause. It holds aloft the ideals of Ahimsa, Satyagraha and Peace. The picture was directed by Bimol Roy and music has been supplied by R. C. Boral.

At the special invitation of Syt. Bimol Roy, who had been to Bombay, the picture was witnessed by the Home Minister, Shri Morarjee Desai last week.

## "KHIDKI"

11th Week At Kamal And Broadway

In spite of the criticisms levelled against the picture Arvind and Anand's musical entertainer, "Khidki", continues to attract crowded houses in its 11th combined week at Kamal and Broadway.

Produced and directed by Santoshi, who is responsible for the literary score particularly the lyrics, "Khidki", musical score has been supplied by C. Ramchandra.

Rehana who heads the cast is co-starred with Jawahar, V. H. Desai, Ram Singh, Lila Misra and Mumtaz Ali.



Ajoykumar in "Anjangarh"

## "VEENA"

9th Week At Lamington

Jagat Pictures' maiden offering, "Veena", which is now running into its 9th week at Lamington, revolves round a romantic drama. Punctuated with delightful music—for which credit goes to Anil Biswas—and charming dances, "Veena" presents Yakub on the top of his form. Co-starred with him are Sulochana Chatterji, Veena, Rehman and Hemavati. J. P. Advani directed the picture.

## "RAM BAAN"

5th Week At Super And Kohinoor

Prakash Pictures' magnificent mythological "Ram Baan" is drawing crowds at Super and Kohinoor, where the picture is running for 5th combined week.

The picture is a triumph for Director Vijay Bhatt's directorial talents. It is particularly in his attention to minor details to emphasise the psychological bearing of a major event that Vijay Bhatt shows his directorial dexterity in a most laudable manner. But such attention is not confined to minor incidents only. The major incidents like abduction of Sita, cutting of the nose of Shurpanakha, Rama's march against Ravan—all these are handled with equal care.

Shobhana Samarth, Prem Adib, Umakant, Amritha Karnataki and Chandramohan have given fine performances that bring the various mythological characters to the screen in all their epic glory.

Music by Shankar Rao Vyas has a classical appeal about it in keeping with the splendour of the incidents which the picture relates. The songs by Shabari (Amir Karnataki).

Shabari (Amir Karnataki).

Shabari (Amir Karnataki).

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Shabari (Amir Karnataki).

Shabari (Amir Karnataki).

Shabari (Amir Karnataki).

Shabari (Amir Karnataki).



Kamini Kaushal in "Nadiya Ke Par"

## "NADIYA KE PAR"

Premiere At Roxy

Filmistan's latest production, "Nadiya Ke Par", produced and directed by Kishore Sahu, is a novel picture in more ways than one. Dealing with the life and love, romance and adventures, joys and sorrows and superstitions and amours of simple, rustic fishermen, the picture has an arresting story throbbing with life from beginning to end. Kamini Kaushal and Dilip Kumar, the pair that has become so popular through "Shahed", are again starred in the leading roles in this picture with a strong support from veterans like David, Maya Banerji, Sushil Sahu, Gulab, Ramesh Gupta and Hari Shivdasani. C. Ramchandra has given a charming musical score for the lyrics and spectacular dances of the picture, while K. H. Kapadia's fine photography is responsible for some of the beautiful rural scenes. The picture is being released today at the Roxy.

## "MITTI -KE -KHILOUNE"

Ranjit's Musical Coming To Swastik

A fine musical comes to the screen of Swastik in Ranjit's "Mitti-Ke-Khioulune" from Friday next (Dec. 24). It is a social story that tackles the problem of fidelity to one's relations. This Director Prahlad Dutt has made good use of the suspenseful situations to afford full scope for music.

Music Director Bulo C. Rani and Hansraj Babel are responsible for the fine tunes of the songs, supplied by B. R. Sharma and Pandit Indra. The cast includes Nigar, Karan Diwan, Nirupa Roy, Dulari and S. N. Tripathi.

## "DEVAR" OPENS AT KRISHNA TODAY

A popular picture that has earned country-wide reputation by celebrating jubilees even in small centres by sheer merit and quality is "Devar", the Silver Film Production. It opened at the Capitol cinema four weeks ago in



Nirupa Roy in "Mitti Ke Khilouna"

Bombay, and had an enthusiastic reception. Since then the crowds have been swelling and to ease the situation, the producers and distributors of the film have made arrangements to release it at Krishna Cinema from today. It also opens at another cinema, Dawlat cinema, Grant Road. The film stars Kumar, Yakub, Jyoti, Khurshid Jr., Yashodara Katju, Masood and others, and has been directed by S.M. Yusuf, and produced by Framila. The story is from the pen of Prabhulal Divred, and bristles with action from scene to scene, and is so suspenseful that it gives you a thrill everynow and then. The theme is based on the pernicious system of dowry, which has ruined several lives in this country.

WE HUMBLY DEDICATE TO FATHER OF OUR NATION

## MAHATMA GANDHI

Who FOUGHT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS OF HARIJANS  
ALL HIS LIFE THIS STORY OF HARIJAN GIRL!



A PERLESS PRODUCTION

Starring: GEETA NIZAMI, RANDHIR, RANJIT KUMARI,  
ESARI, DAR KASHMIRI, SAROJ BORKAR

Direction: SHOREY DAULTALVI

Story: VASANT SATHE

Songs: NAKHSHAB & S. J. KH

Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30

Sun. Hol. 1-30 p.m.

Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6

A JAI HIND Release.

THE HON. DR. B. R. AMBEDKAR and other Prominent Guests have kindly consented to grace the Premiere of PAROO by their presence at 4 p.m. today.

TODAY 4 P.M.

NEW WEST END

OPENING TODAY

YET ANOTHER PLEASANT

ENTERTAINER FROM

## FILMISTAN

ANOTHER DELICIOUS FEAST

OF DRAMA, DANCE, SONGS.

MUSIC MUSIC.



## Nadiya Ke Par

Produced and Directed by: KISHORE SAHU

Musi.: C. RAMCHANDRA

Photography: K. H. KAPADIA

Story, Screenplay and Dialogue: KISHORE SAHU

Lyrics: MOTI

Sound: M. M. KAKA

Dance Direction: SATYA NARAYAN

Starring:

KAMINI KAUSHAL, DILIP KUMAR, MAYA BANERJI,

with David, Sushil Sahu, Ramesh Gupta, Gulab,

S. L. Puri, Hari Shivdasani, Sampson, Tiwari, Anant Prabhu

Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30

Sunday Matinee 12-30

## ROXY

A KAPURCHAND & CO. Release.

Book in Advance: 9-30 a.m. to 12 noon and 4 to 6 p.m.

EVERY PERSON'S SACRED DUTY—

IS TO STAND BY THE FAMILY—COME WHAT MAY—

'AINA' Picture

Purposeful Social

Starring:

SULOCHANA

CHATTERJEE

KULDEEP SHARDA,

MASOOD, FRAM

MIRZA MUSHRAFF

YAKUB

and

LALITA POWAR

A Liberty Release

Demonstrates HOW

Director: S. M. YUSUF

(of 'AINA' Fame)

COMING SHORTLY

WHERE? WHEN?

AGAINST ALL THE ODDS—

# LEGAL NOTICES

## IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION  
SUIT No. 277 of 1947.

HAMIDABAI, daughter of Hajji Mahomed Jannuddin and others. Plaintiffs.

VERSUS

HAJJAT KARIMABAI, widow and others. Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree of Reference to Commissioner of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay made in the above suit and bearing date the 4th day of November, 1947. Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Hajji Mahomed Jannuddin deceased who died at Bombay on or about the 12th day of July 1945, are hereby required to file Affidavit of such claims in writing in the English language in my office within one calendar month from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said order. Affidavit of each claim must be accompanied by Court fees of Rs. 200/- for each claim. I hereby request all persons concerned to attend me at my office on the 22nd day of February, 1948, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) for adjudication of the said claims. In default of appearance the claims will be dealt with ex-parte.

Dated this 14th day of December, 1948.

Sd/- A. R. KIRTIKAR, Commissioner.

# AUCTION SALES

## BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of M. Robert Esar and others, at Seth Babulal Mansion Chawpatty sea face of made by Dewji Kanji and others house and office furniture Godrej and other safe, mirror door steel almirah, typewriter, Sewing machine, Fair bank refrigerator, Zoola sofa cabinet, wall clock, slid dining writing and dressing table, show case, chest of drawers, zooda almirah, bed, partition, gramophone etc. (S. Tax). T. 40213.

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

## AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, RADIO REFRIGERATOR ETC.

Under instructions from the Deputy Controller of Accommodation M. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 20th inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at Flat No. 3, Abbas Building, Merewether Road, Apollo Bunder, Refrigerator, Dining Table, Chairs, Sideboard, Hat Stand, Radio, Cupboards, Show Case, Beds, Dressing Table, Marble top Tables, Utensils, etc. Terms Cash and immediate delivery.

BENNETT & CO.

## THE SELCO AGENCIES LIMITED.

65, Heber Road, Trichinopoly. Others best quality hand-made high class.

SUMATRA TOBACCO WRAPPED cigars at reasonable prices.

A trial will convince. Please write for details.

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ANNUAL DIRECTIONS FOR 1949. Weekly Forecasts on your Wealth, Health, Home, Love, Friendship, Marriage, Travel, Profession and all important events with exact dates of occurrence. This book will help you to solve your daily problems and point the way to success. Price Rs. 3/-.

Apply at once to PRINCE SEKHAR, The Great Master and Zameenar ELLORE (W. G. Dist.).

## MOON TABLE GUIDE FOR 1949

It shows at a glance the position of the Moon for every day of 1949 and gives in advance all the important days for business, marriage, etc. and industrial activities. It contains Market Forecasts of prices of Cotton, Jute, Gold, Silver, etc. Also all the dates of the Moon for 1949. Price Rs. 1/-.

Apply at once to PRINCE SEKHAR, The Great Master and Zameenar ELLORE (W. G. Dist.).

## END GREY HAIR

(GOVT. REGD.)

Not by hair dye but by restoring the Grey hair to its natural colour permanently and without turning Grey hair to Red or Blue. Grey hair turns to its natural colour and it is the only hair dye that is safe for the hair and skin.

UNIKASHAM AUSHADHALAY, No. 280 P.O. Rajindanowar (Bharatnagar).

# CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magar Vad 2. 3068. Muslim: Safar 16, 1368.

Parsi: Tir 17, 1318.

Sunrise 7-06 A.M. Sunset 18-05 P.M. High tide 01-28, 13-02 Low tide 07-33, 19-10.

## Domestic Occurrence

## DEATH

DE SOUSA CONSTANCIO alias CONSTANCE of CARMONA, late of Kenya and Uganda Railway Nairobi, brother of Sebastian and Francis, expired 17th Dec. Funeral leaves Readymoney Bldg., Sanli Street, Byculla on 18th Dec. at 5 p.m.

## Today's Engagements

Pandit Shrinathopadhyaya's lecture on "Gita Tatva" at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Chowpatty today (Saturday) at 4 p.m.

SHREE RAMANA SATCHIDANANDA SAMAJ: Today at 8-00 A.M. Sri Ramana Jayanthi and Ekadashi Rudrabhishekam. 8-30 P.M. Discourse in Tamil on "Sri Ramana Bhagavan and our Life" by Sri V. Subbarav at Shri Nivas, King's Circle, Matunga.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE: Program of Sarod Solos by Ustad Ali Akbar Khan with Shamsuddin (Tabla) tonight (Saturday) at 10 P.M., at Marvadi Vidyalaya Hall.

INDUSTRIES FAIR CERTIFICATES: The certificates awarded by the Board of Examiners for exhibits placed at the Free India's First Classified Trades Fair (The Seventh Official Session) of the Indian Industries Fair Ltd., will be distributed by Dr. V. M. Bhawe, Chairman, Board of Examiners, at a tea party at the Fransukhlal Mafatlal Swimming Bath, Chowpatty, at 5-0 P.M. (S.T.) today.

BOMBAY CIVIC ASSOCIATION: A public meeting in Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge today at 5-30 P.M. Mr. V. Modak on Greater Bombay.

Chairman Mr. Jannadas M. Mehta president.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE: Governor of Bombay and Rani Maharaj Singh at Annual Inspection Parade of St. John Ambulance Brigade, at 8-45 a.m. on Sunday (tomorrow) at Coopers.

DIAMOND JUBILEE EXHIBITION: Of the Bombay Art Society, which was opened on the 10th inst. will remain open till the 24th inst. between 9-30 A.M. and 7-30 P.M.

SIR HURKISONDAS NAROTTAM DAS HOSPITAL: General Body Meeting of employees in the hospital compound, on Saturday, at 7-30 p.m. the representatives of the Union and the Management will address.

PUBLIC SPEECH TRAINING CLASS: Free Public Speech Training Classes are conducted by the Principal, Mr. M. J. Marathe at the Radio Electric Institute opposite, Imperial Cinema on every Saturday at 3-30 p.m.

## LABOUR WELFARE EXHIBITION

An Exhibition of the activities organised by the Labour Welfare Department will be held at DeLisle Road Labour Welfare Centre from 18th to 20th December. Variety Entertainment programmes are also arranged on those days. Opening ceremony at 5 p.m.

## V. L. MEHTA FOR DHARWAR

Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Minister for Finance, Co-operation and Village Industries, will leave Bombay, on Friday December 17, on a tour of the Dharwar District. He will return on Monday, December 20.

## Sail Cloth For Fishermen At Controlled Rates

Arrangements have been made for the sale of sail cloth to fishermen of Bombay Suburban District at controlled rates through the agency of co-operative societies. The following four co-operative societies have been authorised to sell sail cloth to fishermen: Versova Macchimar Vividh Karyakari Sahakari Society, the Versova Koli Sahakari Bhandar, Ltd., the Versova Nakhwa Sangh and the Akhli Koli Samaj, Danda Branch, Co-operative Society.

## Scarcity Relief In Broach Villages

The Government of Bombay has declared the existence of scarcity conditions in 163 villages of Broach District (68 village in Broach taluka, 57 in Vagra taluka, 34 in Hansot mahal and four in Ankleshwar taluka). The Collector of the District has been authorised to start scarcity works and distribute gratuitous relief in these villages, with immediate effect.

## BOMBAY STEVEDORES AND DOCK LABOURERS' UNION

The General Secretary of Bombay Stevedores and Dock Labourers' Union has issued the following:

It has appeared in the Free Press Bulletin of Thursday the 16th inst. that Mr. Desai has complained to the Chairman, Bombay Port Trust, regarding the recruitment and enrolment of refugees by the INTUC Union. In this connection, I have to deny very emphatically the statement made by Mr. Desai and condemn such tactics that are being practised by such persons to run down the rival union. I intend to challenge Mr. Desai to cite a single instance where Bombay Stevedores and Dock Labourers' Union (INTUC) has recruited or recommended any worker in Port Trust. The public is also invited to know the facts in this matter and if satisfied, condemn such statement of Mr. Desai on INTUC Union.

## BRABOURNE TROPHY INTER-COLLEGE ELOCUTION COMPETITION

Brabourne Trophy Inter-Collegiate Elocution Competition will take place at 2-30 p.m. tomorrow (Sunday) at The Ismail Yusuf College, Jogeshwari, Bombay. The Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Constituent Assembly (Legislative) will preside.

## "URS" AT SARHIND

Messrs Saff Ali and Mahomed Shafi who recently visited the shrine of Pir Muzjaddi Sahab at Sarhind (E. Punjab) announce that the annual "Urs" at the shrine will be held on the 28th and 29th of this month. They invite Muslims to visit the Urs.

# WEATHER

## WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Dec. 17 (APL.) Following is the weather summary for Friday the 17th Dec. 1948.

Weather continues to be dry over the country except for a few showers in the east coast Madras.

Night temperatures still continue below normal over the Deccan and the Central parts of the country.

FOUR-AS1 VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 18-1-1. A few showers may occur in Southwest Madras and Malabar.

Night temperatures may slightly rise in the North Deccan and the Central parts of the country.

## "A NITE WITH STARS"

In Aid Of Troops' Comforts And Kashmir Relief

"A NITE WITH STARS" — A big and promising all-star stage show of the winter season — is being organised on the night of Monday the 17th inst. at 9-30 p.m., at the Regal Theatre, Bombay, by Mrs. Aileen Karanjia and a committee of young workers, in aid of Indian troops fighting in Kashmir and Kashmir relief.

The show will take place under the auspices of Rani Maharaj Singh's Amenities for Troops Welfare Fund Committee and under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay. Both the Governor and Rani Maharaj Singh have consented to be present on the occasion.

The actual performance is going to be a variety show, produced by "Cine-voice", at which probably for the first time in India the nation's leading film stars like Kamini Kaushal, Nargis, Begum Para, Protima, Shehnaz, Veera, Vamania, Yashodara Kathju, Cockoo, Shanti, Agha Jan, Surendra, Kulkesh, Manorama, Mannohan Krishna, Prem Dhavan, Dewan Sharar, Gita Bali, Jai Khambata, Sorab Modi, Motilal, Mubarak, Gopi, and David will personally appear on the stage and perform humorous skits, dances, songs, recitations, etc. The tickets for this entertainment, priced at Rs. 100/-, Rs. 50/-, Rs. 25/-, Rs. 15/-, Rs. 10/-, Rs. 5/- can be had from the Regal Theatre, Bombay, or from the organisers, in a short time. Those wishing to book their advertisements in a "de luxe" programme booklet to be released together with the show are invited to contact Mr. E. Chakrabarti, c/o Publicity Society of India, at the People's Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay (Tel: 20559), or Mrs. Karanjia at Earl's Court, Marine Drive, Bombay (Tel: 22567). In all it is hoped to raise some Rs. 50,000/- through the show and the programme.

The Committee for a NITE WITH STARS consists of the following:

President: K. Karanjia; Vice-Chairman: K. Karanjia; Treasurer: K. Karanjia; "Producers": E. K. Karanjia and Adi Kapadia of "Cinevoice"; "Programme Organiser": Mr. R. Chakrabarti; "Members": Lady Duggan Devi Dalit Singh, Jessica Bhonsle, Pilo, Richardson, Khorsheed Mistri, Rosina O'Brien Jr., Durga Rashid, Yashodara Kathju, Avi Mulla, Enakshi Bhavnani, Piroja Wadia, K. A. Abbas, Najoo Morris, "Organiser": Aileen Karanjia.

## WEATHER CHART

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches for the past 24 hours and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (IST.) on 17th Dec. 1948.

At Ahmednagar 61.6 0.0 Ahmednagar 70.44 0.0 minus 0.2 Bangalore 76.63 0.0 minus 0.3 Bhaum 77.53 0.0 1.0

Calcutta 86.68 0.0 Calcutta 79.54 0.0 minus 0.1 Coonoor 85.72 1.37 plus 4.0 Delhi 73.44 0.0 minus 0.3

Madras 81.70 0.7 minus 3.0 Mahabubnagar 70.52 0.0 minus 0.2 Patna 75.49 0.0 minus 0.2 Poona 81.46 0.0

0.3 Simala 45.41 0.1 plus 0.4 Surat 82.50 0.0

## KURLA MUNICIPALITY'S SUPERCESSION

Government Administrator Takes Charge

KURLA, Dec. 16.

Government's action in superseding the Kuria Municipality for their sins of omission and commission, has been received with widespread satisfaction by the citizens of Kuria. The Chief Officer of the Municipality, Mr. D. K. Ovalekar on receipt of the news last night went on one month's leave after handing over charge to the President, Mr. Chandulal G. Shah, Deputy Collector, Surat, has been appointed by Government as Administrator and he has taken charge of his office this afternoon.

## Manufacture Of Medicated Wines Only Under Licence

The Government of Bombay has prohibited, with effect January 1, 1949 the manufacture of medicated or tonic wines, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Collector, in the Province. A medicated or tonic wine means a mixture or compound of any wine with medicinal substances and includes medicated bitters, but does not include drakshasava, asava, arishta or kadha.

## Alleged Brothel-Owners Arrested

BOMBAY, Friday.

Vigilance Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. arrested yesterday two European Women, Mary Sargent and Mrs. Martin, who were alleged to have been running brothels. They were arrested after two bogus customers had given them marked notes as payment for spending the night in those places.

The arrested persons were today released on bail by Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court.

## Government House News

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Governor of Bombay received Khan Sahab M. I. Baig and Dr. O. M. Wenger.

His Excellency visited the Azad Maidan to perform the opening ceremony of the "Help the Blind" Industrial Exhibition. He was received by Mr. R. M. Alpalvala and Miss K. B. S. Vakil.

# The HERO of HEROES ..

IN A PICTURE OF PICTURES

PRAKASH PICTURE'S

Magnificent Marvel

VIJAY BHATT'S

Directorial Offering

# RAM BAAN

SHOBANA SAMARTH. PREM ADIB. UMAKANT. CHANDRAMOHAN.

5th COMBINED WEEK

SUPER KOHINOOR

Daily: 3-15, 6-15 & 9-30. Sun. & Hol Mat. 12 noon. Ad. Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 4-30 to 7-30 p.m.

Daily: 3-30 6-30 & 9-30. Sat. Sun. & Hol Mat. 12-30. Ad. Booking 9-30 to 11-30 a.m. AN EVERGREEN RELEASE.

## ANNOUNCEMENT

TO SMOKERS

The Following Reduced Prices Are Now In Force:

## CIGARETTES

Rs. As. P.

Churchman's No. 1 50 for 3 12 0

Matinee F. T. 50 " 3 11 0

Craven 'A' C. T. 50 " 3 10 0

Senior Service 50 " 3 8 0

Plus Local Tax Where In Force.

Issued by

The Imperial Tobacco Co. of India Ltd.

RP1



"...and my dear, don't forget..."

"When you go to your new home, my daughter, remember to use Listerine Tooth Paste in the morning and before retiring to help keep your teeth clean and bright... your breath sweet and fresh... to hold your pretty smile... and your admiration of your husband."

Listerine Tooth Paste's special cleansing action helps clean many of those pin-point cracks on enamel where ugly decay may begin... bring

out its natural sparkle, flash and highlights.

You'll be amazed to see how quickly Listerine Tooth Paste goes to work on dull film and fresh surface stains... helps bring out the natural brilliance of your teeth. And you'll love the delightfully refreshing flavour of Listerine Tooth Paste.

75% of ugly DECAY starts there say some authorities.

BETWEEN THE TEETH ON THE FRONT AND BACK OF TEETH ON BITE SURFACES

LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE

Available in two sizes.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS  
2 ANNAS PER WORD  
MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-  
To be paid in advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted suitable match for fairly educated 20 years. Funjab Arora girl. Family settled in Bombay. Please correspond giving your full references to Box No. 51 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted cultured well educated about 25, vegetarian Karnataka or Chitpaon bride of good family for well to do Radio Engineer, widely travelled and settling in Bombay. Karnataka preferred. Particulars Box No. 39 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for Famous Relief Works in Kutch qualified Overseers experienced in Survey, Levelling and Estimating for Road Projects. The posts are temporary for the present. Apply with copies of certificates giving qualifications, experience, age and minimum salary expected to the State Engineer, Government of Kutch, Bhuj.

Wanted experienced and preferably qualified Accountants for a Leading Firm of Engineers and Contractors for work at Sind (Pakistan). Apply with copies of testimonials and minimum salary required to Box No. 2621 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted (a) Assistant Manager and Head Cashier. Pay Rs. 300-15-000. Each post. cash security Rs. 10,000. (b) Supervisors Cashier, Store-keeper and Accountant. Pay Rs. 150-10-350 each post. Cash security Rs. 5,000. Each post. Int. 3st 6 p.c. on all posts. Apply Elmsford Transport, 244, Civil Lines Bareilly (U.P.).

Wanted a Salesman inside, Agents outside, Bombay for popular "Stomach Pills". Terms attractive, only the capable need apply to Box No. 53 "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited from Chartered or Incorporated Accountants for the post of a Senior Assistant in a large industrial concern. Salary upto Rs. 1,000/- according to experience. Apply Box No. 36 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately accurate and experienced Ledger Keeper, capable of hard work for a large Newspaper establishment. Apply Box No. 303 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately a qualified and experienced Medical Officer for our Factory Hospital. No private practice will be allowed. He should be also competent to satisfactorily treat cases of accidents in the Factory. Apply with full particulars to the Kesar Sugar Works Limited, Bahert, O.T. Rly., District Bareilly, U.P.

Hotels in Hill Station  
Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms Food and Management Charges Moderate. Phone No. 12 Apply Manager

Accommodation Wanted  
Wanted Godown and an Office Room on hire in Bombay for full particulars, please apply to Box No. 23 "Bombay Chronicle".

Educational Adlets  
Momeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore.

Astrology  
Astrology—Learn by post in short and earn Rs. 5,000/- p.m. Pt. Shastri, 6/1, Bindu Palit Lane, Calcutta 6.

Debt-Recovery  
For Recovery of Your Upcountry claims & Debts, write to Post Box 526, Bombay. Telephone 22848.

Agents Wanted  
Wanted—Agents and Stockists for our Horn and Pearl Buttons. J. Smith and Co. P. O. Box No. 2209, Calcutta.

Machinery Wanted  
Wanted a New Oil Expeller, English make. Please give its price with full particulars to Jubulpore Oil Mills, Gopal Bagh, Jubulpore.

Miscellaneous Adlets  
Consult "Veders" Master Decorators and Painters. 24, Peoples Building, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. Phone No. 33030.

Record-Changers and Radio repaired. Also available Vade Mecum, International Tube Manual—India Traders, 101-B, Girgaum Terrace, Near Girgaum Portuguese Church, Bombay 4.

Miscellaneous for Sale  
Special reduction for X-mas—Just received large assortment in various varieties of English woollen suitings in very attractive shades. Visit Shantilal Tribhovandas Shop No. 393, Sheikh Memon Street, Phone No. 27783.

Machinery for Sale  
Visit Associated Machine and Tool Company's Showroom at 130, Meadows Street, Bombay where various kinds of machinery electrical equipments and engineering tools are displayed.

PUBLIC NOTICES

HEAVY EARTHMOVING EQUIPMENT  
BLACKWOOD HODGE (INDIA) LTD., are the exclusive distributors for the whole of India for FOLCLID Bottom and Rear Dump Wagons, EUCLID Loaders, CUMMINS DIESEL ENGINES, MARION EXCAVATORS, PARMANCO DRILLS and other HEAVY EARTHMOVING EQUIPMENT. Please send your enquiries to BLACKWOOD HODGE (INDIA) LTD., P. O. Box 8954 Calcutta.

THE WARDEN INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED  
Head Office: BOMBAY  
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of the Holders of Policies of Life Insurance issued by the Company and eligible for voting as hereinafter mentioned will be held at Registered Office of the Company at Warden House, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, Bombay on the 22nd March, 1949 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) for the purpose of electing a Director of the Company pursuant to Section 48 of the Insurance Act, of 1938 and the Rules made thereunder as mentioned up-to-date.

An holder of any of the above Policies which shall have been in force at the time of the election for not less than six months, and who desires to attend the Meeting, apply to the Company for a certificate of admission. Such application must reach the Company at its above Registered Office not less than two months before the date of the Meeting, and the Company on being satisfied that the applicant holds a Policy of Life Insurance of the nature mentioned above shall issue a Certificate at least one month before the date of the Meeting. If applied for by post, he must only to the address of the holders of the above Policies, or if applied for in person, be delivered on production of the relevant Policy, and shall be accompanied by a statement of the names and addresses of the eligible persons prepared to accept Office, whose applications have been received by the Company under Sub-rule (3) of Rule (14) of the Insurance Rules, 1939. Such Certificate will not be transferable. Such Certificate will on production on the outer door of the room in which the meeting is held entitle the holder thereof to admission. Only persons qualified in the manner below mentioned are eligible for election as Directors by the holders of the above Policies of Life Insurance.

A person is eligible for election as a Director of the Company if he holds, otherwise than by way of assignment one or more of the Policies of Life Insurance, which shall have been in force for not less than three years and the policies held by him shall insure a total sum, including bonuses that may have been attached to them, the date of election, of not less than Rs. 3,000/- or annuities on human life or total annuities not less than Rs. 250/- per annum, but the assignment of a Policy to the person who took out the Policy shall not disqualify that person from being eligible for a Director.

A person is in any event not eligible for election, if he is a Director, Officer, Employee, or Legal or Technical Adviser of the Company or of any other insurer or is an Insurance Agent or employer of Insurance Agents.

Applications are invited from eligible person prepared to accept office giving the name and address of the applicant, the number of and the amount or amounts insured by the Policy or Policies by virtue of which he claims to be eligible for election, and should be addressed to the Company at its Registered Office at Bombay by Registered Post, so as to reach it not less than two months before the date of the Meeting. Such applications shall be made in English, Gujarati, Marathi, Tamil or Kannada.

SHIVPRASAD THAKUR  
Managing Director.

LOST  
POLICY No. 162548W dated 15th November, 1910 for Rs. 3,000/- (Rupees Three Thousand) granted by the Phoenix Assurance Co. Ltd., on the life of Munchershaw Rustumji Darowalla which policy has subsequently been converted in to a paid-up assurance for Rs. 629/- (Rupees six hundred and twenty-nine) with a total Reversionary Bonus of Rs. 276/- (Rupees two hundred and seventy-six) attaching thereto. Will any person having information regarding the above, kindly communicate with the Phoenix Assurance Co. Ltd., P. B. No. 2512, Calcutta.

NOTICE  
APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Nursing Sister in the Willingdon Hospital in the grade of Rs. 100-5-150 plus usual allowances viz Rs. 15/- p.m. D. A. Rs. 50/- M.A. Rs. 5/- p.m. D. A. allowance, and Rs. 3/- p.m. conveyance allowance. The applicants must state their age, experience and qualifications. Application together with copies of Testimonials should reach the Superintendent, Willingdon Hospital, New Delhi by the 28th December 1948. No residential accommodation will be provided.

The selected candidates will be interviewed at their own expense. B. K. SHOREY, Superintendent, Willingdon Hospital, New Delhi.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY  
VAITARNA-CUM-TANSA SCHEME.  
The Special Engineer invites sealed tenders for the construction of quarters at Vaitarna, Tansa and along the existing pipe line. Tender forms and specifications will be available from the Construction Engineer's Office, Ex-Improvement Trust Building, Mumban Road, Fort, Bombay, at Rs. 5/- each, not refundable. The tenders will be received upto 1.00 p.m. (B.T.) as shown below:-

Tender No. 14—Quarters at Vaitarna, on 23-1-1949.  
Tender No. 15—Quarters at Tansa, on 12-1-1949.  
Tender No. 16—Quarters at Mohili, on 21-1-1949.  
Tender No. 17—Quarters at Agra Road and Kasbelli.  
Tender No. 18—Quarters at Kapurbavdi and Mulund.

By Order of the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.  
Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.  
15th December, 1948.

TENDER NOTICE  
CENTRAL STORES PURCHASE ORGANISATION, GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY  
SEALED TENDERS with samples will be received by the Director of Industries and Central Stores Purchasing Officer Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, on the respective dates, mentioned hereunder, for the supply of following articles, during the financial year 1949-50 commencing from 1st April, 1949.

| SCHEDULE I                                                                                                                                                                                       | Tenders due on | Tenders will be opened on |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| Gum, Ink such as superior liquid concentrated blue black, rubber stamps and registration inks, pads, ink and printing inks, red inks, carbon paper ribbons, stencils, office paste, sealing wax. | 17-1-49        | 19-1-49                   |
| SCHEDULE II                                                                                                                                                                                      | 24-1-49        | 26-1-49                   |
| Stationery articles such as (steel) nibs, pen-knives, scissors, pins, pin-cushions, rubber stamps, pads, ink and pencil erasers, type-writer erasers, etc.                                       |                |                           |
| SCHEDULE III                                                                                                                                                                                     | 10-1-49        | 12-1-49                   |
| Textile and clothing material such as Gunny cloth, Kamblis, sewing thread, tags, etc.                                                                                                            |                |                           |
| SCHEDULE IV                                                                                                                                                                                      | 26-1-49        | 27-1-49                   |
| Straw boards.                                                                                                                                                                                    |                |                           |
| SCHEDULE V                                                                                                                                                                                       | 26-1-49        | 27-1-49                   |
| Packing cases, for stationery office, Govt. Central Press, Bombay-Yeravda Prison Press, Poona.                                                                                                   |                |                           |
| SCHEDULE VI                                                                                                                                                                                      | 26-1-49        | 27-1-49                   |
| Country Leather (Book-Binding) and Leather covers.                                                                                                                                               |                |                           |
| SCHEDULE VII                                                                                                                                                                                     | 31-1-49        | 2-2-49                    |
| Drawing articles.                                                                                                                                                                                |                |                           |
| SCHEDULE VIII                                                                                                                                                                                    | 31-1-49        | 2-2-49                    |
| Bicycles.                                                                                                                                                                                        |                |                           |
| SCHEDULE IX                                                                                                                                                                                      | 31-1-49        | 2-2-49                    |
| Time-pieces and clocks.                                                                                                                                                                          |                |                           |

Details of articles showing specifications, quantity, manufacture etc., for which tenders are invited and the conditions of tenders can be obtained on applications from this office free of cost. Tender forms can be had on application from this office during office hours on payment of Rs. 2/- each in case of schedules No. I and VII and Rs. 1/- each in case of schedule Nos. 2 to 6. Tenders for schedules 8 and 9 may be submitted on tenderers' own forms as no special forms are prescribed for these two schedules.

Tenders are invited from Indian Manufacturers and from Importing firms located in India. Tenderers must specify whether articles tendered for are of Indian make or imported. As far as possible preference will be given to Indian goods. The tenders will be opened in this office at 3-30 p.m. on the dates shown against each schedule by the Assistant Stores Purchasing Officer.

This office does not bind to accept any of the lowest Tender nor to assign any reason thereon.

Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, 15-12-1948

TRADE MARK NOTICE

Oppositions Withdrawn

In the matter of oppositions Nos. 472 and 622 to application Nos. 13679 and 13680 filed by A. Tosh and Sons.

The above mentioned oppositions were filed mainly on the ground that the device of Elephant or Elephants are common to the trade in respect of Tea in class 30. After some hearings before the Deputy Registrar of Trade Marks (Calcutta) under Registrar's direction the aforesaid oppositions were compromised on the following basis:-

"As the applicants have agitated and are agitating their exclusive rights to the marks and the device of Elephant as being their own marks, and have taken and shall take steps to assert the same it is hereby agreed that the present oppositions are withdrawn and to be dismissed. No order need be made as to costs".

This is recorded in the para II of the Judgement of the Deputy Registrar of Trade Marks, Calcutta and approved by him.

The public and the Traders are warned against any spurious use of these aforesaid Trade Marks. Any such user in un-warranted and publishable under the law apart from involving civil liability. None other than A. Tosh and Sons are entitled to the use of the device of Elephant or Elephants in Tea trade as they (A. Tosh and Sons) are the exclusive owners thereof and having exclusively used the same for over a very long and considerable period.

A. TOSH & SONS  
Leading Tea Merchants.  
CALCUTTA.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned Herbert Lindsey Richardson, George Carr Richardson, Edward William Adams Richardson, Ernest Arthur Jones, Frederick Wilkin, Claude Etherington and James Ridley Armstrong, carrying on business in Bombay and Madras as Engineers, Ironfounders, Sanitary Engineers, Contractors and Metal Merchants under the name and style of "RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS", and also under the name and style of "GEO. SERVICE & CO." was dissolved by mutual consent as from the 1st day of June, 1947, and that as from the said 1st day of June, 1947, the said businesses are being carried on by the undersigned Haridas Mundhra under the same names and styles of "RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS" and "GEO. SERVICE & CO." Dated this 15th day of December, 1948.

Herbert Lindsey Richardson  
George Carr Richardson  
Edward William Adams Richardson  
Ernest Arthur Jones  
Frederick Wilkin  
Claude Etherington  
James Ridley Armstrong  
Haridas Mundhra

2600

SHRI RAMAN VIDYAPITH, Khairagarh-Raj, C.P.

THE APPLICATION forms duly filled in for the Hindi examinations—Sahitya-Vinod, Sahitya-Saroj and Sahitya-Diwakar, conducted by the Vidyapith—will be received on or before the 28th February, 1949. A candidate may appear at any examination directly. For rules of examination and creating a centre of examination, please send A. -12/- in postage stamps.

REGISTRAR

2581

NOTICE

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.  
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Principal Registrar and the Branch Registrar of the Imperial Bank of India will be closed for transfer of shares from MONDAY, the 3rd January, 1949 to MONDAY, the 17th January, 1949, both days inclusive.

A. R. CHISHOLM,  
Managing Director

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Advertisement No. 67.

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from the nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Women eligible. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 188, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8 (Rs. 14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 15th January, 1949. The Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, at New Delhi Post Office. The Commission may, at their discretion, admit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed application fee. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application fee is not available. No appointment will be considered unless he/she appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. ONE TEMPORARY RESEARCH OFFICER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS AND COMMONWEALTH RELATIONS, NEW DELHI. AGE:— Preferably below 40 years. PAY:— Rs. 350-25-500. E. B. 350-25-500. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL— (i) First or Second Class Degree in a recognised University or equivalent. (ii) At least five years' journalistic experience. DESIRABLE— Knowledge of one or more modern languages.

2. ONE PERMANENT ANTHROPOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. AGE:— Preferably below 45 years. PAY:— Rs. 350-25-500. E. B. 350-25-500. HIGHER initial pay up to a maximum of Rs. 440/- may be granted, as a special case, to specially qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL— (i) At least 1st Class post-graduate or a Doctor's Degree in Cultural or Social Anthropology from an Indian University or at least Honours Degree from a foreign University. (ii) Training in methods of research in Social Anthropology for not less than a year in recognised European or American University. (iii) Research in recognised Social and Religious Institutions of primitive tribes of India. DESIRABLE— Knowledge of French or German.

3. ONE PERMANENT ASSISTANT ORGANIC CHEMIST, INDIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE, NEW DELHI. Preference given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. AGE:— Preferably below 35 years; relaxable for Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 275-25-500. E. B. 350-25-500. HIGHER initial pay up to Rs. 350/- p.m. may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL— (i) M.Sc. degree, preferably Doctorate in Organic Chemistry. (ii) Five years' experience of research in Plant Chemistry or Synthetic Organic Chemistry and evidence of capacity to undertake new lines of research. DESIRABLE:— Post-graduate training in Plant Chemistry. (iii) Knowledge of French or German.

2896.

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 24-1-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and non-Muslims for the post of LECTURER IN APPLIED MECHANICS, COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, AHMEDABAD. PAY:— Rs. 200-650 PLUS cost of living allowance if admissible. Higher starting pay admissible to well qualified candidates. AGE:— Ordinarily not less than 23 years and not more than 30 years on 1-4-1949, relaxable in the case of Bombay Government servant and well qualified candidates. QUALIFICATIONS:— (1) At least a 2nd class degree in Engineering of a recognised university. (2) Three years' practical experience in construction of Works. Teaching experience will be an additional qualification. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3/12 Indian Postal Order for Rs. 1/- payable to the Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will also supply full details on request.

2597

G.I.F. RAILWAY — TENDERS

THE LAST DATE for receiving tender No. 1948/36 by the General Manager for the supply of 100 tons of 1 1/2 inch diameter mild steel and tanks roof water 100 gallons capacity to I.R.S. Drawings will be 4th January 1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) instead of 21st December 1948, previously published.

(2619)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

THE B.E.S. & T. COMMITTEE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Service Boxes and 100 Amp. K.W.H. Meters will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Monday, the 27th December, 1948.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. 2601

TENDER NOTICE

Specification No. ELG/T-9.

NORTH GUJARAT ELECTRIC GRID SCHEME

ADDITIONAL SUBSTATIONS EQUIPMENT

No. T. 3/S-23—The time and date for receiving the tenders against the above specifications extended upto 5 p.m. on the 20th January 1949. The tenders will now be opened at 11 a.m. on the 21st January, 1949.

V. R. VAIDYA  
Executive Engineer (Transmission) for Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay Electric Grid Offices, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1. Dated 16th December, 1948.

(2624)

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

WANTED A PRINCIPAL FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING INSTITUTE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Principal, Rural Development Training Institute under the Rural Development Department, Government of Assam, at Dibrugarh. The salary of Rs. 500-20-700/- P.M. plus usual allowances as admissible under the rules. An experienced man may be placed anywhere on the scale. 2. The lowest academic qualification will normally be Intermediate but only those with definite experience of a Rural Development Training Institute of some sort can be considered and a candidate with outstanding experience in this line may be considered even if below Intermediate. 3. There is no age limit for recruitment to this post. 4. Preference will be given to a top ranking worker of Gandhiji. The duties of the Principal will include the organisation of an Institute for the training of officers in Rural Development Work and in particular that of rural survey and economic planning. Candidates must therefore, have a full theoretical and practical knowledge and actual field experience. 5. Candidates must be natives of, or domiciled in the Dominion of Assam. The post is temporary, but is likely to be made permanent. 6. Applications stating (1) Age on the 1st January, 1948. (2) Age on the 1st January, 1949. (3) Community. (4) Qualifications. (5) Experience. (6) Present occupation, if any accompanied by copies of certificates must reach the Superintendent, Office of the Assam Public Service Commission, Shillong on or before the 24th January, 1949. 7. An application fee of Rs. 10/- should be credited into the treasury under the head "EXXVII-Miscellaneous Departments—Examination Fees—Receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission" and chalan only attached to the application. The fee is not refundable and no postal stamps or money order will be accepted in lieu of the Treasury chalan. 8. Ex-Servicemen applying through the Employment Exchange need not pay the application fee. 9. Canvassing either directly or indirectly will disqualify a candidate. Government Servants should apply through proper channel.

2614

BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS

NOTICE INVITING TENDERS

SEALED TENDERS to be super-scribed "TENDERS FOR LIGHTERAGE OF AMERICAN COTTON" are invited and will be received by the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, at his Office at Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay, up to 12 noon (Standard Time) on 31st December 1948 from Lighterage Contractors for the work of receiving into their barges American cotton as defined in the Lighterage Agreement from importing vessels lying either in the stream or in the Docks and transporting the same to the Fumigation Wharf as notified by Government from time to time and landing the cotton thereat after fumigation. 2. For the information of tenderers it may be stated that the imports of American cotton during the past four years were as follows:-

| Year                            | No. of Bales |
|---------------------------------|--------------|
| 1945/46 (August to March)       | 9,653        |
| 1946/47                         | 72,398       |
| 1947/48                         | 9,730        |
| 1948/49 (April to October 1948) | 36,881       |

The traffic is fluctuating and the volume cannot be guaranteed. 3. Forms of tender may be obtained at Rs. 5/- per copy at the Manager's Office, Bombay Port Trust and no tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500/- in cash as earnest money. 4. The successful tenderer will be required to enter into an agreement for a stipulated period to be provided in the Agreement.

F. SEYMOUR WILLIAMS  
Docks Manager

(2649)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. COMMITTEE

SEALED TENDERS for the disposal of Empty Gunny Bags (of sugar, rice etc.) will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Monday the 27th December 1948.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. (2618)

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS accompanying Treasury Receipt or a Bank Draft for Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand only) in the name of the undersigned by name will be received upto 2 p.m. on 20th January 1949, for the supply of following transformers. Specifications may be obtained from the office on payment of Rs. 5/-.

Voltage 11000/415 (2.5, 5, 7.5, 10 and 12KVA.) for outdoor installation 50 Nos. each.

In the case of accepted tender, the earnest money will be retained as security deposit.

KEHAR SINGH  
Stores officer,  
East P.B. P.W.D. Electricity Branch.

2579

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

APPLICATIONS are invited for temporary posts of Stenographers in the Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay, in the scale of Rs. 80-5-120-EB- 8-200-10-2-220. In addition, Dearness, House Rent and Compensatory allowances at the rates in force from time to time will be admissible.

Candidates should be at least Matriculates and should have a minimum speed of 100 words per minute in shorthand and 40 words in Typewriting. Persons with previous stenographical experience will be preferred.

Applications in the prescribed form should reach the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India (Administration), Office of the Textile Commissioner, Ahmedabad House, 3rd Floor, Ballard Estate, Bombay on or before the 31st December, 1948

(2616)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KHATRI EBRAHIM ARAB, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contacted for the absolute sale to our client the undivided share of the property mentioned in the schedule. Any person or persons having any interest in or claim to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, or otherwise, are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and tax land or ground together with the message tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Upper Mahim between the junction of Pitamber Lane, Pacha Kumbhar Lane and Tulsi Pipe Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 896 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 4A/4238-4223-4225, New Survey No. 3D/120, (Current Rent Roll No. 1140), Cadastral Survey No. 812 of Mahim Division, or towards the East by the property of Baido John Pals bearing G.S. No. 813 of Mahim Division, or towards the West by the property of Xavier Santha Vales bearing C.S. No. 818 of Mahim Division, or towards the North by the public passage and on or towards the South by a private passage and beyond that by the property bearing C.S. 916 of Mahim Division.

Dated this 17th day of December, 1948.

PATEL & EZEKIEL  
Purchasers Attorneys.

2602

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our client Mr. O. N. K. Iyer, that his wife Mrs. KAILA K. IYER has left our client's protection since 3rd December, 1948. Public is hereby warned not in any way to deal with the said Mrs. Kaila K. Iyer, so as to give her credit as our client's wife and if they do so they will do it at their own risk and our client will not in any way be responsible for the same. Dated this 16th day of December, 1948.

UNVALA & CO.,  
Attorneys for

Mr. G. N. K. Iyer,  
Stock Exchange Building,  
Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

(2617)

(For further Notices See Page 3)

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Founder: Pheroze Shah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18 1948

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## SARDAR ANSWERS STATES MINISTRY'S CRITICS

### Commends Patriotism Of Princes

#### JAGJIVANRAM WARNS LABOUR AGAINST STRIKE MOVE

#### Kripalani Castigates Congress Workers For Slackness In Collections For Gandhi Memorial Fund

(By G. N. ACHARYA Our Special Representative)  
GANDHINAGAR, Dec. 17

Nine resolutions covering almost every aspect of the political and economic life of the country and its problems were approved and adopted by the Subjects Committee after eight hours of incessant debate and will now come before the plenary session of the Congress tomorrow.

Sardar Patel's intervention in the debate on the resolution on the States was a warning and admonition to Congressmen to drop their ancient ways of thought and speech.

#### "CONGRESS RULES THE NATION"

Congress is no longer a body of agitators he said. "Congress rules the nation today and we must spread as befits the responsibilities and obligations imposed on us holding the reins of power."

Sardar Patel paid a tribute to the patriotism displayed by the princes of India. Without their willing cooperation the task of territorial consolidation now achieved would have been impossible. He maintained that it was not so much the princes as the internal weakness of the people and the ministers that was barring further progress. Democracy and responsible government had been imposed from above and not built up from below on a strong foundation and that was the reason for a great deal of trouble in the states. Answering the demand for the establishment of responsible government in the Centrally administered states as well as in states' unions like that of Patiala the Sardar detailed the conditions prevailing in various states like Cutch and Kolhapur and asserted that he would have been guilty of irresponsibility if he had tried to promote responsible government in the conditions prevailing there. "I have spoken and acted in your name," he said "and let me assure you, I have done nothing which affects your honour or prestige or which is against the welfare of the people of this land. It is easier to remove a Rajawade than to move a member of the A.I.C.C. Please set your house in order and leave me to deal with the princes."

Answering criticisms that the rulers had been allowed too high a price for the Sardar cited the case of Saurashtra. In that union alone there had been a saving of 75 lakhs of rupees in the difference between the price paid for the rulers before and after the formation of the union another the formation of the union.

#### Labour Policy

Another resolution which caused some debate was the one laying down the Labour policy of the Congress. But Jagjivanram who was in charge of its defence put a simple and convincing case for it. He admitted that there had been a great deal of delay in setting up the various government machinery proposed for promoting Labour welfare. He also admitted that Labour was important and that there was some justification for impatience. But he appealed to them to take a realistic and responsible attitude based on urgent national needs and not to be led away by ideological considerations.

The only other gleam in the long drawn attempt of the back benches under the somewhat indulgent handling of the Congress President to express their particular views came when Acharya J. B. Kripalani spoke on the resolution regarding the Gandhi Memorial Fund. He said that the real meaning and significance of the resolution did not seem to have been grasped. Memorials to Gandhi there would be in every land and every age. India was not called upon to add to them. But India was called upon to atone for the grievous sin of murdering the very man who laboured most in her cause. The only way she could do this was by trying to complete the work he had left unfinished the establishment of a new social order based on justice and equality.

Acharya Kripalani castigated Congress workers for their slackness in the matter of organising collections. People were eager to pay but there was none to go to them and make the collection. He appealed to them to expedite the collections in the few weeks still left to them.

The morning session recorded but slow progress with only the three resolutions on the future of the foreign possessions in India the problem of Indians in South Africa, and that on

the sufferers from the partition taking up the full sitting of over three hours. And at that, it was the tail that wagged with the big guns booming only in defence.

#### PATIL REITERATES OFFICIAL POSITION

Mr. S. K. Patil was assigned the task of reiterating the official position on the resolution on foreign possessions and he made a competent job of it. He explained that the analogy between the States and the foreign possessions which had been drawn by several speakers was misleading. The States were a national, a purely internal issue. But the foreign possessions were on a different footing. It was not therefore possible for the Congress to lay down a summary procedure as in the case of the States and their integration. It would be necessary to pursue internationally accepted methods of negotiations and understanding.

#### PEOPLE'S WILL MUST PREVAIL

As far as the promise of maintaining the culture and institutions of these possessions concerned, it was a matter which arose not in the small enclaves where such a thing was obviously impossible, but in the large possessions like Goa and Pondicherry. And in this matter, it was after all the will of the people of the areas concerned that must prevail much more than the opinion of people outside. While Congress was of the view that these areas were but part of India the people of the areas must be assured that the process of readjustment does not become harsh.

#### INEVITABLE, SAYS NEHRU

Pt. Nehru's exposition was brief and clear. The incorporation of the foreign possessions on Indian soil into Free India was inevitable. India just could not afford to permit foreign footholds on Indian soil. But the method by which this incorporation would be achieved must necessarily be governmental. That may involve a certain amount of delay, but on that account it would be both unwise and improper to attempt a non-governmental approach. Congress had already declared itself against the continuation of any colonial possession in Asia and obviously the ending of the foreign possessions in India must come first for us.

As far as the clause relating to the protection of existing culture and institutions was concerned, Pandit Nehru took the argument to a still higher plane when he said that it would be a good thing if a breath of other cultures came into India through these countries.

#### PARTITION SUFFERERS

The resolution on the sufferers from partition was allowed to run its course for over two and a half hours and even so the president had to keep ringing his bell constantly. The fate of the refugees easily lends itself to emotional exploitation and a number of speakers including Dr. Chhotiram Gidwani dwelt at length on the harrowing conditions in some of the refugee camps. A number of speakers, notably Sardar Gurmukh Singh Musafir drew pointed attention to the danger of the refugees becoming desperate and embittered. Sardar Musafir called for the effacement of all distinctions between refugees and others. If the plight of the refugees was perpetuated and they were divided as a class from the rest of the population a new and dangerous problem might yet arise.

#### SARDAR INTERVIEWS

The intervention of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the debate was caused not so much by speeches of the emotional category as the effort of Abdul

### RAJAJI UNDER SHOWER OF FLOWERS



His Excellency Shri C. Rajagopalachari, Governor-General of India, addressed the Aligarh University Union the other day when he went to address the Special Convocation of the University. His Excellency is seen here under a shower of flower petals at the Union.

### U.N. Council Spurns Israel's Bid For Membership

PARIS, Dec. 17. (U.P.A.): Israel's application to join the United Nations to-day failed to win the support of the Security Council. The vote on Israel's application was five to one, with five abstentions. The application would have had to receive seven affirmative votes to win favourable recommendation. Even if seven Security Council members voted for the application, it would have to have gone to the full General Assembly for approval. Voting for the application were the United States, Russia, Ukraine, Argentina and Colombia. Voting against was Syria. Abstaining were Britain, Belgium, Canada, China and France.

Earlier, a British proposal for indefinite delay in considering the membership application got four votes for, with seven abstentions. A French resolution for a one month delay got six votes with five abstentions.

#### EGYPTIAN PROTEST

PARIS, Dec. 17. (U.P.A.): Egypt protested to the Security Council to-day that Israeli troops were heavily attacking southern Palestine, but the Council refused to consider the complaint at this time.

### EXPORT OF CLOTH TO DOLLAR AREAS

#### India Government Outlines Policy

NEW DELHI, December 17. (A. P. I.): The Government of India have decided to allow export without restrictions of cloth to dollar and other hard currency areas, according to a press note issued by the Chief Minister of India.

The press note says: "In pursuance of the Government's policy to maximize exports to hard currency countries a sustained quota of cloth was fixed early this year for export to dollar and other hard currency countries. As a further step in that direction, it has been decided to allow export without restrictions with regard to fine counts and wider widths of cloth."

"There will also be no restriction on mills, in the case of exports to hard currency countries, not to sell for export more than twenty-five per cent of their production of medium and fine counts. Cotton manufactures such as towels, bed covers, napkins, etc., will also be allowed for export."

"Exports will be allowed not only of mill-made but of hand-loom piece goods also."

Ghani to include the "displaced" along with the refugees in their claim for sympathy and support. And he tried to make out a case for Muslims who had been displaced from their homes on account of the riots. This upset the Sardar who rose on the dais and protested against it.

"Where is the question of Muslim or Hindu in this?" he challenged. "This is again communalism raising its head," he said. On second thoughts, however, he decided to speak and did so later.

The Deputy Prime Minister's speech had two faces. One was addressed to those in India who were trying to exploit the refugee problem for their own political ends. He chastised and called upon them not to fish in troubled waters. The second was an appeal and an admonition to Pakistan. He called for peaceful settlement of all pending issues between the two sister Dominions. With particular reference to the increasing exodus from East Bengal, he asked Pakistan to take steps to stop this at once. Otherwise grave consequences would follow and the blame and responsibility would be entirely at the doors of Pakistan. (Details on Page 12.)

### FIGHT SOCIALISTS AND COMMUNISTS

#### Sardar's Call To Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh

GANDHINAGAR, Dec. 17. (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, to-day advised the Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh to be fully prepared to fight the Communists who, he said, were misguiding workers in the country and were propagating the cult of a foreign power—the Socialists who wanted to use labour as an instrument to capture power.

Sardar Patel who was addressing a convention of the workers of the Sangh here to-day, said that the Sangh must derive its power from within by self-reliance and conscientious work for the welfare of labour, if it wished to fight the powerful force of Communism. He said, "If the Communists or the Socialists worked for the welfare of the workers, we should not quarrel with them. But these two organisations have ulterior motives behind their show of love for labour."

Speaking of the strike ballot which the Railwaymen's federation proposed to organise, Sardar Patel said the railwaymen were being misguided by the Communists and Socialists each for their own ends.

Referring to the question of nationalisation, Sardar Patel said, "The question of nationalisation can only arise after India was sufficiently industrialised. For the present, we must steadily establish new industries to remove poverty from the country."

#### CONGRESS YOUTH CONVENTION

The All India Convention of the Congress Youth will be held here on December 18.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Minister for Communications, Government of India, will inaugurate the conference. Delegates attending the Jaipur Congress are expected to attend.

#### BRITISH CABINET SHAKE-UP?

LONDON, Dec. 17. (U.P.A.): British political quarters believed to-day that Prime Minister Clement Attlee may make several changes in his Cabinet over the Christmas holidays. Some quarters predicted that the changes would amount to a drastic shake-up.

### OVERHAUL TAXATION SYSTEM TO FIGHT INFLATION

BOMBAY, Friday. Addressing the Commerce Graders Association this evening at the Industrial Merchants' Chamber Hall, Mr. Manu Subedar, warned the Government of India against the danger of the present inflationary tendencies spreading a hoocaust in the country, unless firm measures were not taken immediately to check them.

Mr. Manu Subedar said that the Government of India had announced some time back plans to fight the inflation in the country. The Government, he said, also declared its firm determination to restore normal economic conditions in this country. While appreciating this move on the part of the Government, Mr. Manu Subedar wanted the Gov-

### Three-Man Committee To Consider Dar Report?

#### WORKING COMMITTEE REACTION TO A.I.C.C. MEMBERS' MOVE

(By G. N. ACHARYA, OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE)  
GANDHINAGAR, DEC. 17. THE REPORT OF THE LINGUISTIC PROVINCES COMMISSION HAS CALLED FORTH WIDELY VARYING REACTIONS IN THE CONGRESS CAMP WHILE SOME ARE DEEPLY DISAPPOINTED OTHERS SEEM TO RECOGNISE THE WISDOM OF THE COMMISSION'S OBSERVATIONS.

Protests are naturally to be expected from many quarters such as for instance, a statement issued from a few delegates from Tamilnad criticising the Commission's reference to Madras and the difficulty of including it in any linguistic group. Apart from this, even stronger pressure seems to have been brought to bear on the Working Committee. I learn that forty members of the A.I.C.C. submitted a demand that the question should be debated. The Congress President himself reputedly holds strong views on the subject and although no reference to the Commission's recommendations could be included in his address which was prepared before the report of the Commission was published, it appears he fully intended to express his view clearly. The Working Committee which had earlier declined to take note of the issue, it now appears, is thinking of revising its attitude.

#### PANT TO DRAFT RESOLUTION

I learn that Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, premier of the United Provinces, has been asked to draft a non-committal resolution suggesting a three-man committee consisting of Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel and the President to consider the report of the Dhar Commission. Perhaps this prospect of a review by the "trimurti" may put off any immediate angry outbursts.

Since the Subjects Committee is meeting again tomorrow morning to consider two official resolutions which have still been left over and 25 non-official ones which have come through the ballot something may be heard of this subject on the floor of the House tomorrow.

### FLARE-UP IN BURMA

#### Karen Insurgents Threaten Moulmein

RANGOON, Dec. 17. (Reuters): Karen insurgent tribesmen were to-day reported threatening to seize Moulmein, principal rice port in the Tenasserim Coastal Division of South Burma. Newspaper reports said fresh disturbances broke out there last night. An official spokesman said the situation in Moulmein was "confused" and the authorities were awaiting details.

#### Madhyabharat Donation To Gandhi Memorial Fund

GWALIOR: The Madhyabharat Government have contributed a sum of Rs. 10,00,000 to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund.

#### They Come Back Empty-Handed

MELBOURNE, Dec. 17. (Reuters): Ceylons First Ministerial delegation to Australia returned to Ceylon to-day without completing their planned agreement. The Australian Government for Air Ceylon to operate to Australia.

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